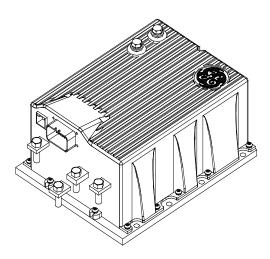
# SEPARATELY EXCITED (SX) TRANSISTORIZED TRACTION MOTOR CONTROL AND SERIES PUMP MOTOR CONTROL INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL

(IC3645SR4W746N5 and IC3645SP4U450N10)



Note: The information contained herein is intended to assist OEM's, Dealers and Users of electric vehicles in the application, installation and service of GE solid-state controllers. This manual does not purport to cover all variations in OEM vehicle types. Nor does it provide for every possible contingency to be met involving vehicle installation, operation or maintenance. For additional information and/or problem resolution, please refer the matter to the OEM vehicle manufacturer through his normal field service channels. Do not contact GE directly for this assistance.

# **Table of Contents**

# **General Electric Company October 2002**

Section 1.0	INTROD	UCTION	4
	1.1	Motor Characteristics	4
	1.2	Solid-State Reversing	5
	1.3	Flexible System Application	5
	1.4	More Features with Fewer Components	5
Section 2.0	FEATUR	RES OF SX FAMILY OF MOTOR CONTROLLERS	6
	2.1	Performance	6
	2.1.1	Oscillator Card Features	6
	2.1.1.a	Standard Operation	6
	2.1.1.b	Creep Speed	
	2.1.1.c	Controlled Acceleration and 1A Time	6
	2.1.2	Current Limit	
	2.1.3	Braking	
	2.1.3.a	Plug Braking	6
	2.1.3.b	Regenerative Braking to Zero Speed	6

# **Table of Contents ( Continued )**

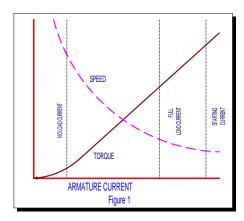
	2.1.3.c	Pedal Position Plug Braking	6
	2.1.3.d	Auto Braking	
	2.1.3.e	Brake Pedal Regenerative Braking	
	2.1.4	Auxiliary Speed Control	
	2.1.4.a	Field Weakening	
	2.1.4.b	Speed Limits	
	2.1.5	Ramp Operation	
	2.1.5.a	Ramp Start	
	2.1.5.b	Anti-Rollback	
	2.1.6	On-Board Coil Drivers and Internal Coil Suppression	
	2.2	System Protective Override	
	2.2.1	Static Return to Off (SRO)	
	2.2.2	Accelerator Volts Hold Off	
	2.2.3	Pulse Monitor Trip (PMT)	
	2.2.4	Thermal Protector (TP)	
	2.2.4	Low Voltage	
	2.2.3	Diagnostics	
	2.3.1	Systems Diagnostics	
	2.3.1	· ·	
		Status Codes	
	2.3.2.a	Standard Codes	
	2.3.2.b	Stored Codes	
	2.3.3	Hourmeter Readings	
	2.3.3.a	Maintenance Alert and Speed Limit	
	2.3.4	Battery Discharge Indication (BDI)	
	2.3.4.a	Internal Resistance Compensation	
	2.3.5	Handset	
	2.3.6	RS-232 Communication Port	
	2.3.6.a	Dash Display Interaction Modes	
	2.3.7	Circuit Board Coil Driver Modules	
	2.3.8	Truck Management Module (TMM)	
	2.4	Hydraulic Pump Control	9
Section 3.0	ORDE	RING INFORMATION, ELEMENTARY AND OUTLINE DRAWINGS	10
	3.1	Ordering Information for Separately Excited Controls	10
	3.2	Outline: SX-4 Package Size	
	3.3	Outline: SX-3 and SR-3 Package Size	
	3.4	Traction Elementary	
	3.5	Pump Elementary	
	3.6	Traction and Pump Control Input / Output List	
Section 4.0	TROU	BLESHOOTING AND DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES	16
Section 4.0	INOC		
	4.1	General Maintenance Instructions	
	4.2	Cable Routing and Separation	
	4.2.1	Application Responsibility	
	4.2.2	Signal/Power Level Definitions	
	4.2.2.a	Low Level Signals (Level L)	
	4.2.2.b	High Level Signals (Level H)	
	4.2.2.c	Medium-Power Signals (Level MP)	
	4.2.2.d	High-Power Signals (Level HP)	
	4.2.3	Cable Spacing Guidelines	17

		Table of Contents ( Continued )	
	4.2.3.a	General Cable Spacing	17
	4.2.4	Cabling for Vehicle Retrofits	17
	4.2.5	RF Interference	17
	4.2.6	Suppression	17
	4.3	Recommended Lubrication of Pins and Sockets Prior to Installation	18
	4.4	Controller Mounting Guidelines	19
	4.4.1	Necessary Tools	19
	4.4.2	The GE Control Mounting Surface	19
	4.4.3	Vehicle Mounting Surface	19
	4.4.4	Application of Thermal Compound	19
	4.4.5	Mounting the GE Control	20
	4.4.6	Maintenance	20
	4.5	General Troubleshooting Instructions	20-21
	4.6	Traction Controller Status Codes	22-38
	4.7	TMM Module Status Codes	39-43
	4.8	Pump Control Status Codes	
Section 5.0	TRUC	K MANAGEMENT MODULE (TMM)	51
	5.1	General Features	51
	5.2	Operation	
	5.3	Installation	
	5.4	Connection Diagrams	51
	5.4.1	TMM7A Card Connections	
	5.4.2	TMM7A Typical Brush Wear Sensor Connections	
	5.4.3	TMM Pump Control Connections	
	5.5	TMM7A Outline Drawings	
Section 6.0		MILY - GE HANDSET INSTRUCTIONS	
	6.1	General Features	
	6.2	Purpose/Setup Functions	
	6.3	Setup Function Procedures	54
	6.3.1	Setup Mode	
	6.3.2	Status Code Scrolling	
	6.3.3	SX Handset Plug Connections & Outline Drawing	54
	6.4	Setup Functions for Traction Controller	55-60
	6.5	Summary of Current Limit Adjustments	61
	6.6	Setup Functions for Hydraulic Pump Controller	62-64
Section 7.0	DASH	DISPLAYS	65
	7.1	Application	65
	7.2	Standard Dash Displays	
	7.3	Interactive Dash Displays	
	7.4	Start-up Display Sequence	
	7.5	Outline Drawings	
Section 8.0	MEMO	ORY MAPS	67
	8.1	Typical Memory Map for Traction Control	67-69
		V 1	

# **Section 1. INTRODUCTION**

#### **Section 1.1 Motor Characteristics**

The level of sophistication in the controllability of traction motors has changed greatly over the past several years. Vehicle manufacturers and users are continuing to expect more value and flexibility in electric vehicle motor and control systems as they are applied today. In order to respond to these market demands, traction system designers have been forced to develop new approaches to reduce cost and improve functions and features of the overall system. Development is being done in a multigenerational format that allows the market to take advantage of today's technology, while looking forward to new advances on the horizon. GE has introduced a second generation system using separately excited DC shunt wound motors. The separately excited DC motor system offers many of the features that are generally found on the advanced AC systems. Historically, most electric vehicles have relied have on series motor designs because of their ability to produce very high levels of torque at low speeds. But, as the demand for high efficiency systems increases, i.e., systems that are more closely applied to customers' specific torque requirements, shunt motors are now often being considered over series motors. In most applications, by independently controlling the field and armature currents in the separately excited motor, the best attributes of both the series and the shunt wound motors can be combined.

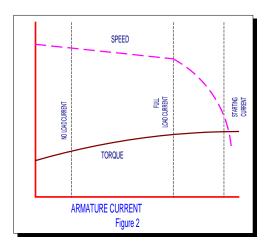


As shown in from the typical performance curves of Figure 1, the high torque at low speed characteristic of the series motor is evident.

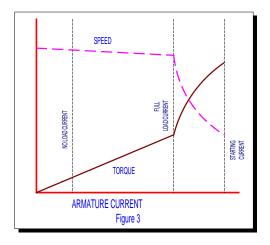
In a shunt motor, the field is connected directly across the voltage source and is therefore independent of variations in load and armature current. If field strength is held constant, the torque developed will vary directly with the armature current. If the mechanical load on the motor increases, the motor slows down, reducing the back EMF (which depends on the speed, as well as the constant field strength). The reduced back EMF allows the armature current to increase.

providing the greater torque needed to drive the increased mechanical load. If the mechanical load is decreased, the process reverses. The motor speed and the back EMF increase, while the armature current and the torque developed decrease. Thus, whenever the load changes, the speed changes also, until the motor is again in electrical balance.

In a shunt motor, the variation of speed from no load to normal full load on level ground is less than 10%. For this reason, shunt motors are considered to be constant speed motors (Figure 2).



In the separately excited motor, the motor is operated as a fixed field shunt motor in the normal running range. However, when additional torque is required, for example, to climb non-level terrain, such as ramps and the like, the field current is increased to provide the higher level of torque. In most cases, the armature to field ampere turn ratio can be very similar to that of a comparable size series motor (Figure 3.)



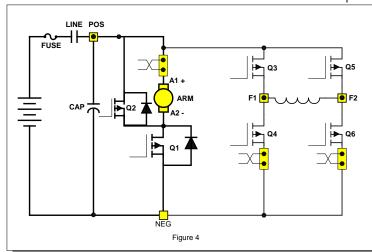
Aside from the constant horsepower characteristics described above, there are many other features that provide increased performance and lower cost. The following

SX TRANSISTOR CONTROL

description provides a brief introduction to examples of some of these features.

# Section 1. 2 Solid-State Reversing

The direction of armature rotation on a shunt motor is determined by the direction in which current flows through the field windings. Because of the of the shunt motor field only typically requires about 10% of the armature current at full torque, it is normally cost effective to replace the double-pole, double-throw reversing contactor with a low power transistor H-Bridge circuit (Figure 4).



By energizing the transistors in pairs, current can be made to flow in either direction in the field. The armature control circuit typically operates at 12KHZ to 15KHZ, a frequency range normally above human hearing. This high frequency coupled with the elimination of directional contactors, provides very quiet vehicle operation. The field control circuits typically operate at 2 KHZ.

The line contactor is normally the only contactor required for the shunt motor traction circuit. This contactor is used for both pre-charge of the line capacitors and for emergency shut down of the motor circuit, in case of problems that would cause a full motor torque condition. The line can be energized and de-energized by the various logic combinations of the vehicle, i.e. activate on key, seat or start switch closure, and de-energize on time out of idle vehicle. Again, these options add to the quiet operation of the vehicle.

# Section 1. 3 Flexible System Application

Because the shunt motor controller has the ability to control both the armature and field circuits independently, the system can normally be adjusted for maximum system efficiencies at certain operating parameters. Generally speaking, with the ability of independent field and

armature, the motor performance curve can be maximized through proper control application.

# **Section 1. 4 More Features with Fewer Components**

Field weakening with a series wound motor is accomplished by placing a resistor in parallel with the field winding of the motor. Bypassing some of the current flowing in the field into the resistor causes the field current to be less, or weakened. With the field weakened, the motor speed will increase, giving the effect of "overdrive". To change the "overdrive speed", it is necessary to change the resistor value. In a separately excited motor,

independent control of the field current provides for infinite adjustments of "overdrive" levels, between motor base speed and maximum weak field. The desirability of this feature is enhanced by the elimination of the contactor and resistor required for field weakening with a series motor.

With a separately excited motor, overhauling speed limit, or downhill speed, will also be more constant. By its nature, the shunt motor will try to maintain a constant speed downhill. This characteristic can be enhanced by increasing the field strength with the control. Overhauling load control works in just the opposite way of field weakening, armature rotation slows with the increase of current in the field.

Regenerative braking (braking energy returned to the battery) may be accomplished completely with solid-state technology. The main advantage of regenerative braking is increased motor life. Motor current is reduced by 50% or more during braking while maintaining the same braking torque as electrical braking with a diode clamp around the armature. The lower current translates into longer brush life and reduced motor heating. Solid state regenerative braking also eliminates a power diode, current sensor and contactor from the circuit.

For GE, the future is now as we make available a new generation of electric traction motor systems for electric vehicles having separately excited DC shunt motors and controls. Features that were once thought to be only available on future AC or brushless DC technology vehicles systems are now achievable and affordable.

# Section 2. FEATURES OF SX FAMILY OF TRANSISTOR MOTOR CONTROLLERS

#### **Section 2.1 Performance**

# **Section 2.1.1 Oscillator Card Features**

# Section 2.1.1.a Standard Operation

With the accelerator at maximum ohms or volts, the creep speed can be adjusted by Function 2 of the Handset or a trimpot. The field control section allows the adjustment of the field weakening level in order to set the top speed of the motor. This top speed function (Minimum Field Current) is enabled when the armature current is less than the value set by Function 24 and the accelerator input voltage is less than 1 volt. Top Speed can be adjusted by Function 7 of the Handset or a trimpot.

The percent on-time has a range of approximately 0 to 100 percent. The SX controllers operate at a constant frequency and the percent on-time is controlled by the pulse width of the voltage / current applied to the motor circuits.

# Section 2.1.1.b Creep Speed

With the accelerator at maximum ohms or volts (approximately 3.7 to 3.5 VDC), the creep speed can be adjusted by Function 2 of the Handset. At creep speed, the ON time can decrease to approximately 5%, with the OFF time at approximately 95%. At full transistor operation, this condition will be reversed (short OFF time, long ON time). This variation of ON and OFF time of the oscillator varies the voltage applied to the motor, thereby varying the speed of the motor for a given load.

#### Section 2.1.1.c Control Acceleration and 1A Time

This feature allows for adjustment of the rate of time it takes for the control to accelerate to 100% applied battery voltage to the motor on hard acceleration. The 1A contactor will automatically close 2.0 seconds after the controlled acceleration stops and the accelerator input is less than 0.5 volts, or less than 200 ohms. Armature C/A is adjusted by Function 3 from 0.1 to 22 seconds.

# **Section 2.1.2 Current Limit**

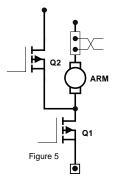
This circuit monitors motor current by utilizing sensors in series with the armature and field windings. The information detected by the sensor is fed back to the card so that current may be limited to a pre-set value. If heavy load currents are detected, this circuit overrides the oscillator and limits the average current to a value set by Function 4 and Function 8 of the Handset. The C/L setting is based on the maximum thermal rating of the control. Because of the flyback current through 3REC, the motor

current is usually greater than battery current, except at 100% ON time.

#### Section 2.1.3 Braking

# Section 2.1.3.a Plug Braking

# Section 2.1.3.b Regenerative Braking to Zero Speed



Slow down is accomplished when reversing direction by providing a small amount of retarding torque for deceleration. If the vehicle is moving, and the directional lever is moved from one direction to the other, the regen signal is initiated. Once the regen signal has been initiated, the field current is increased (armature circuit shown in Figure 5). Armature current is

regulated to the regen current limit as set by Function 9. As the vehicle slows down, the field current continues to increase, and transistor Q2 begins to chop. The field current will increase until it reaches a preset value set by Function 10, and transistor Q2 on-time will increase until it reaches 100% on-time. Once both of the above conditions have been met, and regen current limit can no longer be maintained, the braking function is canceled. The fields will then reverse, and the control reverts back to motoring. Part of the energy produced by the motor during regen is returned to the battery, and part is dumped in the motor as heat.

#### Section 2.1.3.c Pedal Position Plug Braking

This feature allows control of the plugging distance based on pedal position when there has been a "directional switch" change. Pedal position will reduce the regenerative current to the "value set by this function" as the accelerator is returned to the creep speed position. Maximum regen current is obtained with the accelerator in the top speed position.

# **Section 2.1.3.d Auto Braking**

This feature is enabled by initiating a "neutral position" using either the directional switch or the accelerator switch. Once activated, Auto Braking operates similar to Pedal Position Plug Braking and is adjusted by using Function 21 of the Handset.

# **Section 2.1.4 Auxiliary Speed Control**

# Section 2.1.4.a Field Weakening

This function allows the adjustment of the field weakening level in order to set the top speed of the motor. The

function is enabled when the armature current is less than the value set by Function 24 and the accelerator input voltage is less than 1 volt. It is important to note that this function is used to optimize motor and control performance, and this setting will be determined by GE and OEM engineers at the time of vehicle development. This setting must not be changed by field personnel, without the permission of the OEM.

# **Section 2.1.4.b Speed Limits**

This feature provides a means to control speed by limiting motor volts utilizing three "adjustable speed limits. This motor volt limit regulates top speed of the transistor controller, but actual truck speed will vary at any set point depending on the loading of the vehicle. Each speed limit can be adjustable with the Handset using Functions 12 and 13.

# **Section 2.1.5 Ramp Operation**

# Section 2.1.5a Ramp Start

This feature provides maximum control torque to restart a vehicle on an incline. The memory for this function is the directional switch. When stopping on an incline, the directional switch must be left in its original or neutral position to allow the control to initiate full power when restarted. The accelerator potentiometer input will modulate ramp start current.

#### Section 2.1.5b Anti-Rollback

This feature provides retarding torque to limit rollback speed in the non-travel direction when the ACC pedal is released when stopping on a grade, or when the brake pedal is released when starting on a grade. This feature forces the vehicle to roll very slowly down the grade when accelerator or brake is released. Because the vehicle can gain significant speed during roll-back, the torque needed to re-start on the ramp is lower than an unrestricted roll-back speed.

# Section 2.1.6 On-Board Coil Drivers & Internal Coil Suppression

Coil drivers for the LINE and 1A, or bypass, contactors are on-board the control card. These contactors must have coils rated for the vehicle battery volts.

# **Section 2.2 System Protective Override**

# Section 2.2.1 Static Return to Off (SRO)

This inherent feature of the control is designed to require the driver to return the directional lever to the neutral position anytime he leaves the vehicle and returns. Additionally, if the seat switch or key switch is opened, the control shuts off and cannot be restarted until the directional lever is returned to neutral. A time delay of approximately 2 seconds is built into the seat switch input to allow momentary opening of the seat switch, if a bump is encountered.

#### Section 2.2.2 Accelerator Volts Hold Off

This feature checks the voltage level at the accelerator input whenever the key switch or seat switch is activated. If, at start up, the voltage is less than 3.0 volts, the control will not operate. This feature assures that the control is calling for low speed operation at start up.

# Section 2.2.3 Pulse Monitor Trip (PMT)

The PMT design contains three features which shut down, or lock out, control operation if a fault conditions occurs that would cause a disruption of normal vehicle operation:

- · Look ahead
- Look again
- Automatic look again and reset

The PMT circuit will not allow the control to start under the following conditions:

- The control monitors both armature and field FET's at start-up and during running.
- The control will not allow the line contactor to close at start-up, or will drop it out during running, if either the armature or field FET's are defective, so as to cause uncontrolled truck movement.

# **Section 2.2.4 Thermal Protector (TP)**

This temperature sensitive device is internal to the power transistor (Q1) module. If the transistor's temperature begins to exceed the design limits, the thermal protector will lower the maximum current limit, and maintain the transistors within their temperature limits. Even at a reduced current limit, the vehicle will normally be able to reach sufficient speed to initiate 1A operation, thereby allowing the control to cool. As the control cools, the thermal protector will automatically reset, returning the control to full power.

# Section 2.2.5 Low Voltage

Batteries under load, particularly if undersized or more than 80 percent discharged, will produce low voltages at the control terminals. The SX control is designed for use down to 50 percent of a nominal battery voltage of 36-84 volts, and 75 percent of a nominal battery voltage of 24 volts. Lower battery voltage may cause the control to

operate improperly, however, the resulting PMT should open the Line contactor, in the event of a failure.

# **Section 2.3 Diagnostics**

#### **Section 2.3.1 Systems Diagnostics**

The control detects the system's present operating status and can be displayed to either the Dash Display or the Handset. There are currently over 70 status codes that are available with SX systems using Traction and Pump controls and Truck Management Module (TMM). Along with the status code display from the TMM, the SX control is capable of reducing the current to the motor, alerting the operator of a critical fault condition.

#### **Section 2.3.2 Status Codes**

# Section 2.3.2a Standard Status Codes

The SX traction control has over 30 Status Codes that assist the service technician and operator in trouble shooting the vehicle. If mis-operation of the vehicle occurs, a status code will be displayed on the Dash Display for vehicles so equipped, or be available by plugging the Handset into the "y" plug of the logic card. With the status code number, follow the procedures outlined in DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES to determine the problem and a solution.

Note: The Status Code Instruction Sheets do not claim to cover all possible causes of a display of a "status code". They do provide instructions for checking the most direct inputs that can cause status codes to appear.

#### Section 2.3.2.b Stored Status Codes

This feature records the last 16 "Stored Status Codes" that have caused a PMT controller shut down and/or disrupted normal vehicle operation. (PMT type faults are reset by cycling the key switch). These status codes, along with the corresponding BDI and hourmeter readings, can be accessed with the Handset, or by using the RS 232 communications port and dumping the information to a Personal Computer terminal.

# **Section 2.3.3 Hourmeter Readings**

This feature will display the recorded hours of use of the traction and pump control to the Dash Display each time the key switch is turned off.

# Section 2.3.3.a Maintenance Alert & Speed Limit

This feature is used to display Status Code 99 and/or activate a speed limit when the vehicle operating hours match the hours set into the maintenance alert register. This feature is set with the Handset using Functions 19 and 20.

The operator is alerted that maintenance on the vehicle is required.

# **Section 2.3.4 Battery Discharge Indication (BDI)**

The latest in microprocessor technology is used to provide accurate battery state of charge information and to supply passive and active warning signals to the vehicle operator. Features and functions:

- Displays 100 to 0 percent charge.
- Display blinks with 20% charge. Disables pump circuit with 10% charge. Auto ranging for 36/48 volt operation. Adjustable for use on 24 to 80 volts.

# **Section 2.3.4.a Internal Resistance Compensation**

This feature is used when the Battery Discharge Indicator is present. Adjustment of this function will improve the accuracy of the BDI.

#### Section 2.3.5 Handset

This is a multi-functional tool used with the LX, ZX, and SX Series GE solid state controls. The Handset consists of a Light Emitting Diode (LED) display and a keyboard for data entry. Note, for ordering purposes, a separate Handset part is required for SX controls.

# Features and functions:

- Monitor existing system status codes for both traction and pump controls. Monitor intermittent random status codes
- Monitor battery state of charge, if available.
- Monitor hourmeter reading on traction and pump controls. Monitor or adjust the control functions.

# Section 2.3.6 RS 232 Communication Port

This serial communication port can be used with Interactive Custom Dash Displays to allow changes to vehicle operating parameters by the operator. Or, it can be used by service personnel to dump control operating information and settings into a personal computer program.

# Section 2.3.6.a Interactive Dash Display Modes

The Interactive Custom Dash Display allows the operator to select the best vehicle performance for changing factory (task) conditions. There are four (4) "operator interaction modes" that can be selected by depressing a push button on the dash display.

From the Dash Display, the operator may select any of four pre-set interactive modes consisting of (4) Controlled Acceleration levels, (4) Field Weakening levels and (4) Speed Limits.

These interactive modes are "pre-set" using the Handset (Functions 48-62) or a personal computer (Functions 97-112). This feature allows the operator to select the best vehicle performance for changing factory (task) conditions.

#### **Section 2.3.7 Circuit Board Coil Driver Modules**

Coil drivers are internal to the control card, and are the power devices that operate the Line and 1A contactor coils. On command from the control card, these drivers initiate opening and closing the contactor coils. All driver modules are equipped with reverse battery protection, such that, if the battery is connected incorrectly, the contactors can not be closed electrically.

# Section 2.3.8 Truck Management Module (TMM)

The Truck Management Module is a multifunction accessory card, or an integral function of the GE Pump controls when used with the SX Traction control. The Module provides the OEM the ability to initiate status codes or operator warning codes to be displayed on the Dash Display, whenever a normally open switch or sensor wire provides a signal to the Module.

The TMM Module can be used to display a separate status code indicating over-temperature of traction motors, hydraulic motors, or any other device or system that can activate a switch that closes.

The TMM Module can also be used as a Brush Wear Indicator (BWI). The Brush Wear Indicator is designed to detect a "worn out brush" and display a fault code on the Dash Display to warn maintenance personnel that the motor brushes need to be replaced before they wear to the point of causing destructive damage to the motor commutator surface.

# **Section 2.4 Hydraulic Pump Control**

This hydraulic motor controller consists of the following features:

- Three speeds, adjustable from O to 100% motor volts. Fixed speeds actuated by switch closure to negative.
- Current limit and controlled acceleration adjustable.
- Battery Discharge Indicator interrupt compatible.
- Coil driver module designed to operate the line contactor (see Section 2.3.7).

Operation of voltage regulator card: This card provides the basic functions required for controlling the pump control, optional contactors, and PMT functions. Battery positive is applied through a main control fuse to the key switch, energizing the control card power supply input to P1.

When a pump contactor is used, PMT operation is the same as outlined for the traction controllers.

The three speed (motor volts) reference points P12, P19, and P20 are selected by connecting these points independently to battery negative.

The first speed is obtained by closing Speed Limit I (P12) to control negative. SLl is adjustable by Function 11 using the Handset to adjust motor voltage from O to 100%. The specified motor volts will be regulated, however, the magnitude of motor current will vary depending on the loading of the vehicle.

The second speed is obtained by closing SL2 (P19) to control negative. SL2 is adjusted using the Handset and Function 12 similar to SL1.

The third speed is obtained by closing SL3 (P20) to control negative. SL3 is adjusted using the Handset and Function 13 similar to SL1.

If more than one Speed Limit is activated, the selected speed with the highest motor volts will override the low motor volt speed. The current limit circuit is adjustable and operates the same as the traction current limit.

The controlled acceleration circuit is adjustable and operates the same as the traction circuit. Adjustment range is from 0.1 to 5.5 seconds.

The Battery Discharge Indicator (BDI) interrupt will disable the hydraulic controller if the connection at P10 loses the 12 volt signal from the traction control. BDI interrupt can be disabled by Function 17 using the Handset. Select card type with or without BDI function.

# Section 3.0 ORDERING INFORMATION, ELEMENTARY AND OUTLINE DRAWINGS

# **Section 3.1 Ordering Information for Separately Excited Controls**

Example:

Part Number: **C3** IC3645  $\mathbf{SE}$ 4 D 33 2 Argument Number: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07

**Argument 01:** Basic Electric Vehicle Control Number

**Argument 02:** Control Type:

SP = Series Control (Pump)

SH = Separately Excited Control ( Plugging )
SR = Separately Excited Control ( Regen to Zero )

**Argument 03:** Operating Voltage:

 $1 = 120 \text{ volts} \qquad 4 = 48 \text{ volts}$ 

2 = 24 volts 5 = 36/48 volts 3 = 36 volts 6 = 24/36 volts

7 = 72/80 volts

**Argument 04:** Package Size:

D = 6.86" X 6.67" R = 6.86" X 8.15" U = 8.66" X 8.13" W = 8.66" X 10.83"

**Argument 05:** Armature Current

(2 characters)

22 = 220 Amps 33 = 330 Amps 40 = 400 Amps

etc.

**Argument 06:** Field Current

(1 character)

2 = 20 Amps 3 = 30 Amps 4 = 40 Amps

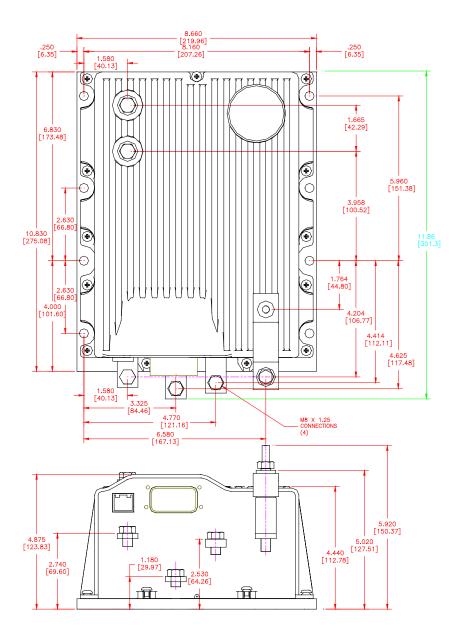
etc.

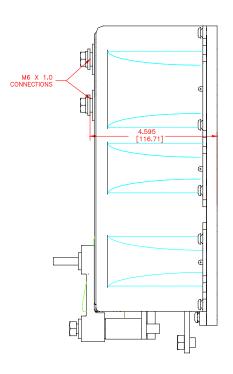
**Argument 07:** Customer / Revision

A1 = Customer A / Revision 1 B1 = Customer B / Revision 1

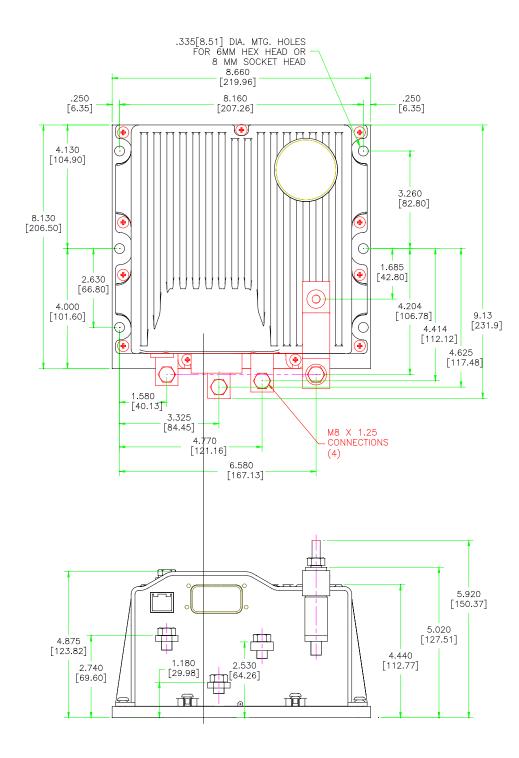
etc.

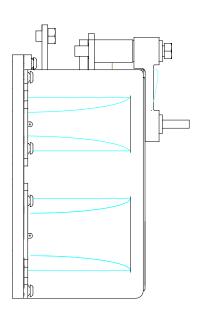
Section 3.2 Outline: SX-4 Package Size



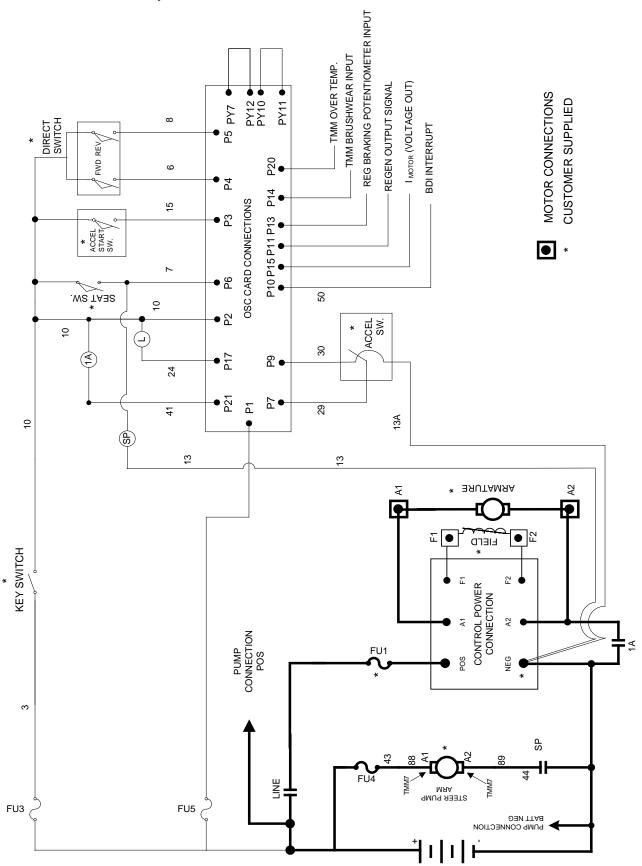


Section 3.3 Outline: SX-3 and SR-3 Package Size

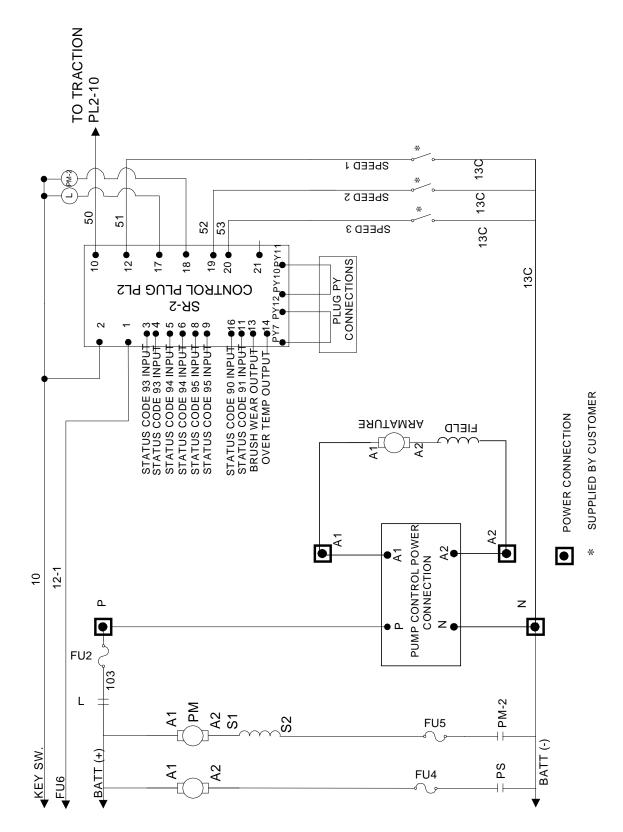




**Section 3.4 Traction Elementary** 

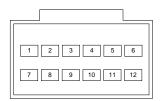


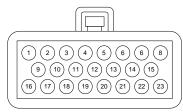
**Section 3.5 Pump Elementary** 



# Section 3.6 Traction and Pump Control Input and Output List CONNECTIONS TO MAIN PLUG (23 PIN) AND "Y" PLUG (12 PIN)

PIN BATTERY VOLTS FROM BATTERY BATTERY VOLTS FROM BATTERY BATTERY VOLTS FROM BATTERY  3 BATTERY VOLTS FROM START SWITCH 4 BATTERY VOLTS FROM FORWARD SWITCH 5 BATTERY VOLTS FROM FORWARD SWITCH 6 BATTERY VOLTS FROM FORWARD SWITCH 7 ACCELERATOR INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL 8 NOT USED 9 ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS SUPPLY 10 BDI INTERRUPT 11 PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V 1=PLUG 12 NOT USED 13 RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT 14 TMM BRUSHWEAR 15 MATOR OUT 16 MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 17 LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION 18 NOT USED 19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 20 TMM OVERTEMP 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 24 SETARNAL JUMPER TO PY11 25 LY SUPPLY 26 FUNCTION 25 FROM SEAT SWITCH 26 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 27 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 28 FUNCTION 26 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P23 28 SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23 29 SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23 20 SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23 20 SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23 20 SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23 21 SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23 22 SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23		TRACTION	PUMP
BATTERY VOLTS FROM KEY BATTERY VOLTS FROM START SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM START SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM FORWARD SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM FORWARD SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM REVERSE SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM SEAT SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM SEAT SWITCH STATUS CODE 94 INPUT  ACCELERATOR INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL NOT USED  ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS SUPPLY STATUS CODE 95 INPUT  BDI INTERRUPT PUMP ENABLE SIGNAL 12VDC  PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V 1=PLUG NOT USED  ROBDINTERRUPT SPEED LIMIT #1 INPUT  BROWN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT TMM I BRUSHWEAR INDICATER OUTPUT  I IMM BRUSHWEAR I MMI OVER TEMPERATURE OUTPUT  I IMM FOR CUTRENT COMPENSATION I INFOR OUT  LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION I INCOMPORT SIGNAL TO SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION I A CONTACTOR DRIVER DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  ASTATUS CODE 91 INPUT  I A CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION I INCOMPORT TO STATUS CODE 90 INPUT  LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION I INCOMPORT (PUMP) AND SUPPRESSION I SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  CLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  AND TOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  CLOCK (OUT)  AND TOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  CLOCK (OUT)  AND TOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  CLOCK (OUT)  AND TOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  CLOCK (OUT)  AND TOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  CLOCK (OUT)  AND TAPLICABLE (OUT)  BABBLE (OUT)  AND TAPLICABLE (OUT)  AND TAPLICABLE (IN) (HANDSET)  FUNCTION  FUNCTION  FUNCTION  FUNCTION  BATTUS CODE 91 INPUT  AND TOR PROPORTION FUNCTION  FUNCTION  FUNCTION  FUNCTION  FUNCTION  FUNCTION  STATUS CODE 91 INPUT  ACCELERATOR TOP 11  BATTUS CODE 91 INPUT  STATUS CODE 91 INPUT  STATUS CODE 91 INPUT  STATUS CODE 91 INPUT  TO THIS STATUS CODE 91 INPUT  TO THE STATUS CODE 91 INPUT  TO THE STATUS CODE 91 INPUT  TO TH	PIN		
BATTERY VOLTS FROM START SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM FORWARD SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM FORWARD SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM REVERSE SWITCH BATTERY VOLTS FROM REVERSE SWITCH STATUS CODE 93 INPUT  ACCELERATOR INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL NOT USED STATUS CODE 94 INPUT  ACCELERATOR INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL NOT USED STATUS CODE 95 INPUT  PUMP ENABLE SIGNAL 12VDC  PUMP ENABLE SIGNAL 12VDC  PUMP ENABLE SIGNAL 12VDC  STATUS CODE 91 INPUT  BDI INTERRUPT PUMP ENABLE SIGNAL 12VDC  PUMP ENABLE SIGNAL 12VDC  TI PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V 1=PLUG STATUS CODE 91 INPUT  NOT USED SPEED LIMIT #1 INPUT  MI BRUSHWEAR INDICATER OUTPUT  TMM BRUSHWEAR INDICATER OUTPUT  TMM BRUSHWEAR INDICATER OUTPUT  MOT APPLICABLE MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION STATUS CODE 90 INPUT  LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION LINE CTR DRIVER (PUMP) AND SUPPRESSION  NOT USED  ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS UPPLY SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION LINE CTR DRIVER (PUMP) AND SUPPRESSION  ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLT SUPPLY SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLT SUPPLY SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLT SUPPLY SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLT SUPPLY SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLT SUPPLY SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLT SUPPLY SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT  CLOCK (OUT) CLOCK (OUT) AND TO SED  ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLT SUPPLY SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	1	BATTERY VOLTS FROM BATTERY	BATTERY VOLTS FROM BATTERY
4 BATTERY VOLTS FROM FORWARD SWITCH 5 BATTERY VOLTS FROM REVERSE SWITCH 6 BATTERY VOLTS FROM REVERSE SWITCH 7 ACCELERATOR INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL 8 NOT USED 9 ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS SUPPLY 9 ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS SUPPLY 10 BDI INTERRUPT 11 PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V 1=PLUG 12 NOT USED 13 RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT 14 TMM BRUSHWEAR 15 IMOTOR OUT 17 LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION 18 NOT USED 19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 20 TMM OVERTEMP 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 24 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 35 ENABLE (OUT) 46 NEGATIVE 47 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 STATUS CODE 95 INPUT 7 VOLTAGE SIGNAL 12VDC 7 STATUS CODE 91 INPUT 7 TMM BRUSHWEAR INDICATER OUTPUT 7 TMM BRUSHWEAR INDICATER OUTPUT 8 NOT APPLICABLE 8 NOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 8 STATUS CODE 90 INPUT 9 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 9 SPEED LIMIT #2 INPUT 9 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 9 SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT 9 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 9 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 10 DATA (OUT) 11 CLOCK (OUT) 12 DATA (OUT) 13 ENABLE (OUT) 14 NEGATIVE 15 +5V SUPPLY 16 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 17 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 18 VALUE 19 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	2	BATTERY VOLTS FROM KEY	BATTERY VOLTS FROM KEY
5 BATTERY VOLTS FROM REVERSE SWITCH 6 BATTERY VOLTS FROM SEAT SWITCH 7 ACCELERATOR INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL 8 NOT USED 9 ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS SUPPLY 10 BDI INTERRUPT 11 PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V 1=PLUG 12 NOT USED 13 RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT 14 TMM BRUSHWEAR 15 IMOTOR CURENT COMPENSATION 16 MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 17 LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION 18 NOT USED 19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 10 BOASH DISPLAY 20 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 21 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 22 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 33 ENABLE (OUT) 44 NEGATIVE 45 VALUE 46 VALUE 57 FUNCTION 57 FUNCTION 58 FUNCTION 58 FUNCTION 59 FUNCTION 50 FUNCT	3	BATTERY VOLTS FROM START SWITCH	STATUS CODE 93 INPUT
6 BATTERY VOLTS FROM SEAT SWITCH 7 ACCELERATOR INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL 8 NOT USED 9 ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS SUPPLY 10 BDI INTERRUPT 11 PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V I=PLUG 12 NOT USED 13 RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT 14 TMM BRUSHWEAR INDICATER OUTPUT 15 IMOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 16 MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 17 LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION 18 NOT USED 19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 20 TMM OVERTEMPE 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 24 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 35 LOCK (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 4 NEGATIVE 5 LONTSTORE (IN) (HANDSET) 6 CONTSTORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 8 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 8 EXIFIAL RECEIVE / ONNECT TO P22 8 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 8 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 10 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	4	BATTERY VOLTS FROM FORWARD SWITCH	STATUS CODE 93 INPUT
ACCELERATOR INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL   POTENTIOMETER INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL	5	BATTERY VOLTS FROM REVERSE SWITCH	STATUS CODE 94 INPUT
8 NOT USED 9 ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS SUPPLY 10 BDI INTERRUPT 11 PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V 1=PLUG 12 NOT USED 13 RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT 14 TMM BRUSHWEAR 15 IMOTOR OUT 16 MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 17 LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION 18 NOT USED 19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 20 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 21 ACONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 25 DATA (OUT) 26 DATA (OUT) 27 DATA (OUT) 38 ENABLE (OUT) 40 NEGATIVE 40 NEGATIVE 51 SERIAL JUMPER TO PY12 52 SETIAL ROLL TO PY12 53 SETIAL ROLL TO PY12 64 CONTSTORE (IN) (HANDSET) 65 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 66 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 76 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 76 SETIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 86 SETIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 8 SETIAL JUMPER TO PY11 8 SETIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	6	BATTERY VOLTS FROM SEAT SWITCH	STATUS CODE 94 INPUT
9 ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS SUPPLY 10 BDI INTERRUPT 11 PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V 1=PLUG 12 NOT USED 13 RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT 14 TMM BRUSHWEAR 15 IMOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 16 MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 17 LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION 18 NOT USED 19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 20 TMM OVERTEMP 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 24 MOTOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG 25 INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 26 LOCK (OUT) 27 DATA (OUT) 38 ENABLE (OUT) 48 NEGATIVE 59 +5V SUPPLY 61 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 65 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 66 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 61 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 6 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY22 6 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	7	ACCELERATOR INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL	POTENTIOMETER INPUT VOLTAGE SIGNAL
BDI INTERRUPT	8	NOT USED	STATUS CODE 95 INPUT
11 PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V 1=PLUG STATUS CODE 91 INPUT 12 NOT USED SPEED LIMIT #1 INPUT 13 RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT TMM1 BRUSHWEAR INDICATER OUTPUT 14 TMM BRUSHWEAR TMM1 OVER TEMPERATURE OUTPUT 15 I <sub>MOTOR</sub> OUT NOT APPLICABLE 16 MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION STATUS CODE 90 INPUT 17 LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION LINE CTR DRIVER (PUMP) AND SUPPRESSION 18 NOT USED IA CONTACTOR DRIVER SPEED LIMIT #2 INPUT 20 TMM OVERTEMP SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER NOT USED 22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY SERIAL RECEIVE 23 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY SERIAL RECEIVE 24 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY SERIAL TRANSMIT 25 MOTOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 26 LOCK (OUT) CLOCK (OUT) 27 DATA (OUT) DATA (OUT) 38 ENABLE (OUT) ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	9	ACCELERATOR POT +5 VOLTS SUPPLY	STATUS CODE 95 INPUT
12 NOT USED 13 RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT 14 TMM BRUSHWEAR 15 IMOTOR OUT 16 MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 17 LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION 18 NOT USED 19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 20 TMM OVERTEMP 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 24 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 25 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 26 TMOTOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG 27 INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 28 ENABLE (OUT) 29 DATA (OUT) 30 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 5 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 5 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 5 SERIAL RECEIVE 6 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 6 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 8 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	10	BDI INTERRUPT	PUMP ENABLE SIGNAL 12VDC
13 RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT 14 TMM BRUSHWEAR 15 IMOTOR OUT 16 MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION 17 LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION 18 NOT USED 19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 20 TMM OVERTEMP 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 24 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 25 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 26 INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 27 CLOCK (OUT) 28 DATA (OUT) 30 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 6 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 11 CNAM OVERTEMP 12 TMM OVERTEMP 13 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 14 CLOCK (OUT) 15 DATA (OUT) 16 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 17 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 18 VALUE 19 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	11	PLUG/RGN OUTPUT SIGNAL +12V 1=PLUG	STATUS CODE 91 INPUT
TMM BRUSHWEAR  TMM1 OVER TEMPERATURE OUTPUT  15 IMOTOR OUT  NOT APPLICABLE  16 MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION  STATUS CODE 90 INPUT  LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION  LINE CTR DRIVER (PUMP) AND SUPPRESSION  18 NOT USED  10 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY  10 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY  11 A CONTACTOR DRIVER  12 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY  12 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY  13 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY  14 CLOCK (OUT)  15 CLOCK (OUT)  16 CLOCK (OUT)  17 DATA (OUT)  18 ENABLE (OUT)  19 DATA (OUT)  20 DATA (OUT)  31 ENABLE (OUT)  42 DATA (OUT)  43 ENABLE (OUT)  44 NEGATIVE  55 +5V SUPPLY  65 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET)  67 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET)  78 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12  88 VALUE  99 FUNCTION  100 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  110 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	12	NOT USED	SPEED LIMIT #1 INPUT
Indian Out	13	RGN BRAKE POTENTIOMETER INPUT	TMM1 BRUSHWEAR INDICATER OUTPUT
MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION   STATUS CODE 90 INPUT	14	TMM BRUSHWEAR	TMM1 OVER TEMPERATURE OUTPUT
LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION   LINE CTR DRIVER (PUMP) AND SUPPRESSION	15	I <sub>MOTOR</sub> OUT	NOT APPLICABLE
18 NOT USED 19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 20 TMM OVERTEMP 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 25 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 26 INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 27 DATA (OUT) 28 DATA (OUT) 30 ENABLE (OUT) 41 NEGATIVE 51 +5V SUPPLY 52 SENIAL TO PY12 63 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 64 VALUE 65 FUNCTION 66 FUNCTION 67 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 68 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 60 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 61 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 62 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 63 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 64 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 65 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 66 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 67 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 68 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 69 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 60 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 60 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 61 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	16	MOTOR CURRENT COMPENSATION	STATUS CODE 90 INPUT
19 DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY 20 TMM OVERTEMP 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY 26 MOTOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG 27 INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 28 DATA (OUT) 3 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 1 SERIAL TRANSMIT  NOT USED 1 NPUT (USED 1 NPUT (USED 1 NPUMP "Y" PLUG 1 NPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 2 CLOCK (OUT) 2 CLOCK (OUT) 3 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	17	LINE CONTACTOR DRIVER AND SUPPRESSION	LINE CTR DRIVER (PUMP) AND SUPPRESSION
20 TMM OVERTEMP 21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER 22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY  MOTOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  1 CLOCK (OUT) 2 DATA (OUT) 3 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  SERIAL TRANSMIT  PUMP "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  CLOCK (OUT)  OCLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  DATA (OUT)  ENABLE (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  CLOCK (OUT)  ACLOCK (OUT)  A	18	NOT USED	1A CONTACTOR DRIVER
21 IA CONTACTOR DRIVER  22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY  23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY  MOTOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  1 CLOCK (OUT)  2 DATA (OUT)  3 ENABLE (OUT)  4 NEGATIVE  5 +5V SUPPLY  6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET)  7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12  8 VALUE  9 FUNCTION  10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	19	DASH DISPLAY + 5 VOLT SUPPLY	SPEED LIMIT #2 INPUT
22 SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY 23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY  MOTOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  1 CLOCK (OUT) 2 DATA (OUT) 3 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 SERIAL RECEIVE SERIAL RECEIVE SERIAL RECEIVE SERIAL RECEIVE SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	20	TMM OVERTEMP	SPEED LIMIT #3 INPUT
23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY  MOTOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  1 CLOCK (OUT) 2 DATA (OUT) 3 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 SERIAL TRANSMIT  PUMP "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  CLOCK (OUT)  DATA (OUT)  ENABLE (OUT)  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  SERIAL TRANSMIT  PUMP "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  CONT/STORE (IN)  FUNCTION  FUNCTION  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11	21	1A CONTACTOR DRIVER	NOT USED
PIN INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  CLOCK (OUT) CLOCK (OUT)  DATA (OUT) DATA (OUT)  ENABLE (OUT)  NEGATIVE  STERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  PUMP "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  PUMP "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  PUMP "Y" PLUG INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION  PATA (OUT)  A REGATIVE  SENABLE (OUT)  NEGATIVE  SENABLE (OUT)  SENABLE (OUT)  NEGATIVE  SENABLE (OUT)  SENABL	22	SERIAL RECEIVE / DASH DISPLAY	SERIAL RECEIVE
PININPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTIONINPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION1CLOCK (OUT)CLOCK (OUT)2DATA (OUT)DATA (OUT)3ENABLE (OUT)ENABLE (OUT)4NEGATIVENEGATIVE5+5V SUPPLY+5V SUPPLY6CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET)CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET)7EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY128VALUEVALUE9FUNCTIONFUNCTION10EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY1111SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	23	SERIAL TRANSMIT / DASH DISPLAY	SERIAL TRANSMIT
1 CLOCK (OUT) 2 DATA (OUT) 3 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 CLOCK (OUT) DATA (OUT) ENABLE (OUT) NEGATIVE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE SENABLE (OUT) NEGATIVE SENABLE (OUT) NEGATIVE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE SENABLE (OUT) NEGATIVE NEGATIVE SENABLE (OUT) NEGATIVE NEGATIVE SENABLE (OUT) SENABLE (OUT) NEGATIVE SENABLE (OUT) SENABLE (OUT) SENABLE (OUT) SENABLE (OUT) SENABLE (OUT) SENABLE (OUT)		MOTOR PROPORTIONING "Y" PLUG	PUMP "Y" PLUG
2 DATA (OUT) 3 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  DATA (OUT) ENABLE (OUT)  NEGATIVE  NEGATIVE  15	PIN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
3 ENABLE (OUT) 4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  ENABLE (OUT) NEGATIVE 1 SEVABLE (OUT) NEGATIVE 1 SEVABLE (OUT) NEGATIVE 1 SEVALUE 1 SUPPLY 1 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 1 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11	1	CLOCK (OUT)	CLOCK (OUT)
4 NEGATIVE 5 +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  NEGATIVE +5V SUPPLY CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	2	DATA (OUT)	DATA (OUT)
5 +5V SUPPLY +5V SUPPLY 6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) 7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 8 VALUE VALUE 9 FUNCTION FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	3	ENABLE (OUT)	ENABLE (OUT)
6 CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET) EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12  8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	4	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
7 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12  8 VALUE  9 FUNCTION  10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11  EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11	5	+5V SUPPLY	+5V SUPPLY
8 VALUE 9 FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22  VALUE FUNCTION EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	6	CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET)	CONT/STORE (IN) (HANDSET)
9 FUNCTION FUNCTION 10 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11 11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	7	EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12	EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY12
10       EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11       EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11         11       SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22       SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	8	VALUE	VALUE
11 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22 SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	9	FUNCTION	FUNCTION
	10	EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11	EXTERNAL JUMPER TO PY11
12 SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23 SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23	11	SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22	SERIAL RECEIVE / CONNECT TO P22
	12	SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23	SERIAL TRANSMIT / CONNECT TO P23





WIRE END VIEW "Y" PLUG

**WIRE END VIEW - MAIN PLUG** 

# Section 4.0 TROUBLESHOOTING AND DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES

#### **Section 4.1 General Maintenance Instructions**

The transistor control, like all electrical apparatus, does have some thermal losses. The semiconductor junctions have finite *temperature* limits, above which these devices may be damaged. For these reasons, normal maintenance should guard against any action which will expose the components to excessive heat and/or those conditions which will reduce the heat dissipating ability of the control, such as restricting air flow.

# The following Do's and Don't's should be observed:

Any controls that will be applied in ambient temperatures over 100° F (40° C) should be brought to the attention of the vehicle manufacturer.

All external components having inductive coils must be filtered. Refer to vehicle manufacturer for specifications.

<u>The wiring should not be directly steam cleaned.</u> In dusty areas, blow low-pressure air over the control to remove dust. In oily or greasy areas, a mild solution of detergent or denatured alcohol can be used to wash the control, and then low-pressure air should be used to completely dry the control.

For the control to be most effective, it must be mounted against the frame of the vehicle. The metal vehicle frame, acting as an additional heat sink, will give improved vehicle performance by keeping the control package cooler. Apply a thin layer of heat-transfer grease (such as Dow Corning 340) between the control heat sink and the vehicle frame.

Control wire plugs and other exposed transistor control parts should be kept free of dirt and paint that might change the effective resistance between points.

CAUTION: The vehicle should not be plugged when the vehicle is jacked up and the drive wheels are in a free wheeling position. The higher motor speeds can create excessive voltages that can be harmful to the control.

Do not hipot (or megger) the control. Refer to control manufacturer before hipotting.

Use a lead-acid battery with the voltage and ampere hour rating specified for the vehicle. Follow normal battery maintenance procedures, recharging before 80 percent discharged with periodic equalizing charges.

Visual inspection of GE contactors contained in the traction and pump systems is recommended to occur during every 160 hours of vehicle operation. Inspection is recommended to verify that the contactors are not binding and that the tips are intact and free of contaminants.

GE does not recommend that any type of welding be performed on the vehicle after the installation of the control(s) in the vehicle. GE will not honor control failures during the warranty period when such failures are attributed to welding while the control is installed in the vehicle.

# **Section 4.2 Cable Routing and Separation**

Electrical noise from cabling of various voltage levels can interfere with a microprocessor-based control system. To reduce this interference, GE recommends specific cable separation and routing practices, consistent with industry standards.

# Section 4.2.1 Application Responsibility

The customer and customer's representative are responsible for the mechanical and environmental locations of cables. They are also responsible for applying the level rules and cabling practices defined in this section. To help ensure a lower cost, noise-free installation, GE recommends early planning of cable routing that complies with these level separation rules.

On new installations, sufficient space should be allowed to efficiently arrange mechanical and electrical equipment.

On vehicle retrofits, level rules should be considered during the planning stages to help ensure correct application and a more trouble-free installation.

#### Section 4.2.2. Signal/PowerLevel Definitions

The signal/power carrying cables are categorized into four defining levels: low, high, medium power, and high power. Within those levels, signals can be further divided into classes.

Sections 4.2.2.a through 4.2.2.d define these levels and classes, with specific examples of each. Section 4.2.3 contains recommendations for separating the levels.

#### 4.2.2.a Low-Level Signals (Level L)

Low-level signals are designated as *level L*. These consist of:

- Analog signals 0 through ±15 V
- Digital signals whose logic levels are less than 15 V DC
- 4-20 mA current loops

• DC busses less than 15 V and 250 mA

The following are specific examples of level L signals used in drive equipment cabling:

- Control common tie
- DC buses feeding sensitive analog or digital hardware
- All wiring connected to components associated with sensitive analog hardware with less than 5V signals (for example, potentiometers and tachometers)
- · Digital tachometers and resolvers
- Dash display cabling
- RS-232 cabling

**Note:** Signal inputs to analog and digital blocks should be run as shielded twisted-pair (for example, inputs from tachometers, potentiometers, and dash displays).

# 4.2.2.b High-Level Signals (Level H)

High-level signals are designated as *level H*. These signals consist of:

 Analog and digital signals greater than 15 V DC and less than 250 mA

For example, switch inputs connected to battery volts are examples of level H signals used in drive equipment cabling.

#### 4.2.2.c Medium-Power Signals (Level MP)

Medium power signals are designated as *level MP*. These signals consist of:

- DC switching signals greater than 15 V
- Signals with currents greater than 250 mA and less than 10A

The following are specific examples of level MP signals used in drive equipment cabling:

- DC busses less than 10 A
- Contactor coils less than 10 A
- Machine fields less than 10 A

# 4.2.2.d. High Power Signals (Level HP)

Power wiring is designated as *level HP*. This consists of DC buses and motor wiring with currents greater than 10 A.

The following are specific examples of level HP signals used in drive equipment cabling:

- Motor armature loops
- DC outputs 10 A and above
- Motor field loops 10 A and above

# 4.2.3. Cable Spacing Guidelines

Recommended spacing (or clearance) between cables (or wires) is dependent on the level of the wiring inside them. For correct level separation when installing cable, the customer must apply the **general guidelines** (section 4.2.3.a), outlined below.

#### 4.2.3.a General Cable Spacing

The following general practices should be used for *all levels* of cabling:

- All cables and wires of like signal levels and power levels must be grouped together.
- In general, different levels must run in separate wire bundles, as defined in the different classes, identified above. Intermixing cannot be allowed, unless noted by exception.
- Interconnecting wire runs should carry a level designation.
- If wires are the same level and same type signal, group those wires from one location to any other location together in multiconductor cables or bind them together with twine or zip-ties.
- When unlike signals must cross, cross them in 90° angles at a maximum spacing. Where it is not possible to maintain spacing, place a grounded steel barrier between unlike levels at the crossover point.

#### 4.2.4 Cabling for Vehicle Retrofits

Reducing electrical noise on vehicle retrofits requires careful planning. Lower and higher levels should never encircle each other or run parallel for long distances. It is practical to use existing wire runs or trays as long as the level spacing (see section 4.2.2) can be maintained for the full length of the run.

Existing cables are generally of high voltage potential and noise producing. Therefore, route levels L and H in a path separate from existing cables, whenever possible.

For level L wiring, use barriers in existing wire runs to minimize noise potential.

Do not loop level L signal wires around level H, level MP, or HP wires.

#### **4.2.5 RF Interference**

To prevent radio frequency (RF) interference, care should be taken in routing power cables in the vicinity of radiocontrolled devices.

# **Section 4.2.6 Suppression**

Unless specifically noted otherwise, suppression (for example, a snubber) is required on all inductive devices

controlled by an output. This suppression minimizes noise and prevents damage caused by electrical surges.

# Section 4.3 Recommended Lubrication of Pins and Sockets Prior to Installation

Beginning in January of 1999, GE will implement the addition of a lubricant to all connections using pins and sockets on EV100/EV200 and Gen II products. Any connection made by GE to the A, B, X, Y, or Z plugs will have the lubricant NYE 760G added to prevent fretting of these connections during vehicle operation.

Fretting occurs during microscopic movement at the contact points of the connection. This movement exposes the base metal of the connector pin which, when oxygen is present, allows oxidation to occur. Sufficient build up of the oxidation can cause intermittent contact and intermittent vehicle operation. This can occur at any similar type of connection, whether at the control or in any associated vehicle wiring, and the resultant intermittent contact can provide the same fault indication as actual component failure.

The addition of the NYE 760G lubricant will prevent the oxidation process by eliminating the access of oxygen to the contact point. GE recommends the addition of this lubricant to the 12 pin and 23 pin plugs of all new Gen II controls at the time of their installation into a vehicle

When servicing existing vehicles exhibiting symptoms of intermittent mis-operation or shutdown by the GE control, GE recommends the addition of this lubricant to all 12 and 23 pin plugs, after proper cleaning of the connectors, as a preventative measure to insure fretting is not an issue before GE control replacement. Also, for long term reliable control operation, the plug terminals must be maintained per these instructions with the recommended contact cleaner and lubricant which provides a high degree of environmental and fretting protection.

New and re-manufactured control plugs are cleaned and lubricated prior to shipment from the factory. However, in applications where severe vibration or high temperature cycling and excessive humidity ( such as freezers ) are present, it is recommended that the plug terminals be cleaned and lubricated every year, per this instructions. In normal applications, plug maintenance should be performed every two years, unless intermittent problems arise with the plugs, requiring more immediate attention.

Warning: Do not use any other cleaners or lubricants other than the ones specified.

WARNING: Before conducting maintenance on the vehicle, jack up the drive wheels, disconnect the battery and discharge the capacitors. Consult the Operation

and Service Manual for your particular vehicle for details on discharging the capacitors; this procedure differs between SCR and Transistor controls.

- 1. **Disconnect** plug from controller or mating plug.
- 2. **Locate** the plug that contains the socket (female) terminals. *Maintenance needs only to be performed on the plug containing the socket (female) type terminals.* Reconnecting the plugs will lubricate the pin (male) terminals.
- 3. **Clean** each terminal using Chemtronics® contact cleaner "Pow-R-WasH CZ" as shown in Figure 1.

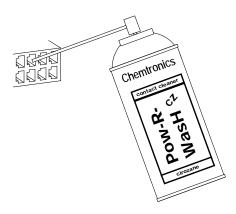


Figure 1

4. **Lubricate** each terminal using Nye® 760G lubricant as shown in figure 2. Apply enough lubricant to each terminal opening to completely fill each opening to a depth of .125" maximum.

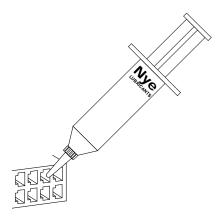


Figure 2

5. **Reconnect** plugs.

# Reference

Cleaner Chemtronics® Pow-R-WasH CZ Contact Cleaner

Lubricant Nye® Lubricants NYOGEL® 760G

GE Plug Lub Kit Contains both above products:

#### 328A1777G1

# **Section 4.4 Controller Mounting Guidelines**

In the design of the GE family of motor controls, performance assumptions were made based on heat transfer between the control and the ambient environment. The vehicle mounting surface acts as a heat sink, which increases the effective surface area for heat dissipation. If this assumed heat transfer is not achieved during control installation and operation, GE controllers will fall short of their anticipated performance. It should be noted that the condition of the mounting surface, and the quality of the resulting interface between the control and the vehicle, can significantly hinder heat transfer from the control. The presence of contaminants, or of air voids created by surface inconsistencies in either the vehicle or the control, degrade the control's capacity for heat transfer. The control's performance is de-rated proportionally as its own thermal sensors reduce its operation to protect it from damage due to excessive heating.

Contained within the software of the GE controls are several diagnostic status codes related to controller thermal performance. Failure to follow these mounting recommendations increases the likelihood of encountering these status codes, through no fault of the control itself, thus voiding controller warranty for units returned solely due to the presence of these status codes.

Careful surface preparation, including adequate application of thermal compound, as detailed in the following paragraphs, must be completed during the installation of GE controls. There are many techniques for applying thermal compound, and we have outlined one approach below that has shown to apply a consistent thickness of material.

# **Section 4.4.1 Necessary Tools**

GE recommends the use of the following components, or equivalent substitutions, during the control installation process:

- a) Thermal compound, (Dow Corning #340), maintained per the manufacturer's recommendations and free of contaminants
- b) 3/32" notched trowel, such as a Krusin adhesive spreader, model 00031
- c) Calibrated torque wrench (0 15 ft-lbs)

# **Section 4.4.2 The GE Control Mounting Surface**

During the manufacture of the GE control, the surface flatness is maintained at 0.005" per linear inch (not to exceed 0.025" per 10.0 inches). The surface finish of the

GE control has an  $R_a$  (average roughness) of 64 (microinches), or better. This finish is consistent with cold rolled or extruded aluminum.

Care should always be taken in the handling and storage of controllers. The base of the control should be free from nicks, bumps, protrusions or any other foreign object that would prevent the control from sitting flush with the vehicle mounting surface. Examine the base of the control to verify that it is in good condition and free from damage or contamination.

# **Section 4.4.3 Vehicle Mounting Surface**

The quality of the vehicle mounting surface is critical for the optimum heat transfer between the control and the ambient environment. Conduction through the base of the control is the control's only means of heat rejection. While GE controls are highly efficient, a few percent of the electrical energy will be converted into heat. As previously mentioned, if this energy is not dissipated through the base of the control, a thermal protector will reduce the performance of the control until the temperature stabilizes.

For optimal heat transfer from control to vehicle, the flatness of the vehicle mounting surface should be equivalent to the flatness of the control surface (0.005" per linear inch). Use a straight edge or dial indicator to verify the mounting surface.

The biggest hindrance to heat transfer is the presence of rust, scale, weld splatter or paint on the vehicle mounting surface. If any of these items are noted, prepare the surface per the following guidelines:

- a) Clean the mounting surface with a rotary wire brush until the metal surface is exposed.
- b) Using 80-100 grit emery paper, sand the surface until the metal shines.
- c) Flush the surface clean with an appropriate liquid de-greaser or parts cleaner.

# **Section 4.4.4 Application of Thermal Compound**

Due to the minute differences in the control mounting surface and the vehicle mounting surface, small pockets of air will be created. These air pockets will add to the overall thermal resistance of the interface.

To avoid these air pockets and improve thermal conductivity, thermal compound must be applied between the GE control base plate and the vehicle mounting surface. The function of this compound is to conform to surface discrepancies, filling gaps and optimizing the metal-to-metal contact of the control and the vehicle.

- a) Prepare the two mounting surfaces (control and vehicle) as indicated above.
- b) Using a triangular notched trowel of 3/32" (.09" +/- .01), apply the grease to the vehicle mounting surface.
- c) Use straight, non-crossing strokes of the trowel to apply the compound.
- Make multiple vertical passes until a uniform consistency is achieved.



Krusin adhesive spreader model 00031

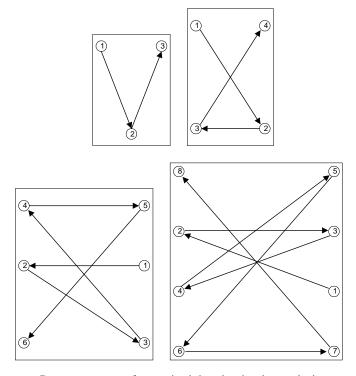


Vehicle surface after proper grease application

# Section 4.4.5 Mounting the GE Control

- a) Place the control unit with desired orientation on mounting plate with mounting holes aligned.
- Move the control slightly in all directions to eliminate voids and enhance the distribution of the thermal compound.
- c) Insert the all of the mounting hardware (4, 6 or 8 bolts, M6 or M8, necessary for the mounting of the respective family of controls).
- d) Tighten these bolts (as per sequence shown in diagrams below) to half of the nominal torque value (7.5lb-ft).
- e) Lastly, tighten the bolts to the nominal torque value (15 lb-ft), following the same sequence.

Calibrated torque wrench for hardware installation



Proper sequence for use in tightening hardware during control mounting

#### **Section 4.4.6 Maintenance**

If it is necessary to remove the control for service, careful consideration must be given to removing the old thermal compound from the control and mounting surface, prior to replacement of the unit. **Never** re-use thermal compound. Use a putty knife or similar straight edge to carefully remove all thermal compound residue without damaging either mounting surface. Flush the surfaces with a liquid de-greaser or parts cleaner and allow them to dry, before re-applying the thermal compound and mounting the control. Take care not to contaminate the surfaces with hydraulic fluid or battery acid.

# **Section 4.5 General Troubleshooting Instructions**

Trouble-shooting the SX family of controls should be quick and easy when following the instructions outlined in the following status code instruction sheets.



If mis-operation of the vehicle occurs, a status code will be displayed on the Dash Display (for vehicles equipped with a Dash Display) or made available by plugging a Handset into the plug "Y" location, and then reading the status code.

**Note**: Status code numbers from 00 to 99 are traction control status codes. Status codes with the prefix 1 (101 to 199) are pump control status codes.

With the status code number, follow the procedures outlined in the status code instruction sheets to determine the problem.

Important Note: Due to the interaction of the logic card with all vehicle functions, almost any status code or control fault could be caused by the logic card. After all other status code procedures have been followed and no problem is found, the controller should then be replaced as the last option to correct the problem.

The same device designations have been maintained on different controls but the wire numbers may vary. Refer to the elementary and wiring diagrams for your specific control. The wire numbers shown on the elementary diagram will have identical numbers on the corresponding wiring diagrams for a specific vehicle, but these numbers may be different from the numbers referenced in this publication.

WARNING: Before trouble-shooting, jack up the drive wheels, disconnect the battery and discharge the capacitors. Reconnect the battery as needed for specific checks. Capacitors should be discharged by connecting a 200 ohm 2 watt resistor between the positive and negative terminals on the control panel.

Check resistance on R x 1000 scale from frame to power and control terminals. A resistance of less than 20,000 ohms can cause misleading symptoms. Resistance less than 1000 ohms should be corrected first.

Before proceeding, visually check for loose wiring, mis-aligned linkage to the accelerator switch, signs of overheating of components, etc.

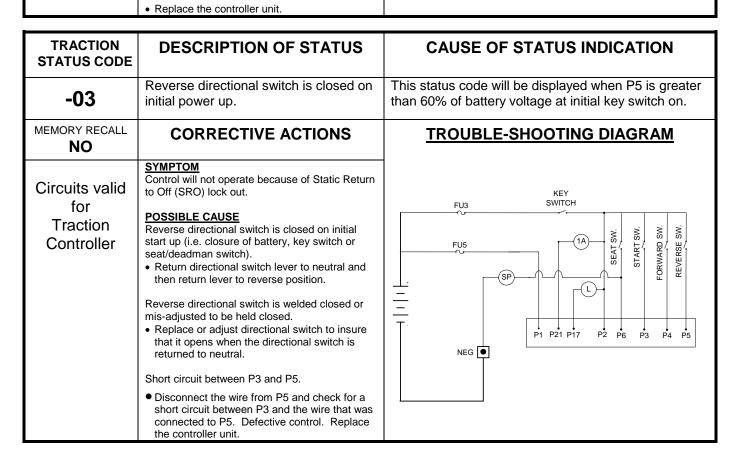
Tools and test equipment required are: clip leads, volt-ohm meter (20,000 ohms per volt) and basic hand tools.

# **Section 4.6 Traction Control Codes**

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
NONE	Segments do not illuminate on the Dash Display and/or the Handset.	No input voltage to the control card or the display unit.
MEMORY RECALL NO	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Display screen on Dash Display and/or Handset is blank.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Positive or negative control voltage is not present. Insure that the key switch is closed and voltage is present between P1 & battery negative (Power Terminal "NEG"). Also check for voltage between P2 and control negative.  Open circuit between control card AND the Dash Display or Handset. Check for an open circuit or loose connection going from the control and the Dash Display or Handset.  Defective Dash Display or Handset. Replace Dash Display or Handset.	FU3 SWITCH  FU5  P1 P21 P17 P2

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-01	No seat switch or deadman switch input (no voltage to P6).	This status code will be displayed when P6 is less than 50% battery volts.
MEMORY RECALL NO	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Mis-adjusted or defective seat or deadman switch.  • Check to see that the seat switch closes properly.  Open circuit between battery positive and P6.  • Check for loose connections or broken wires:  — Between the seat switch and P6  — Between the key switch and the battery positive side of the seat switch.  — Between the seat switch and P2.  • On vehicles without a seat/deadman switch, check for a loose connection or broken wire from P2 and/or P6.	FUS SWITCH  SEAT SW. W. S.

<b>DIAGNOSTIC STA</b> SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page 23
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-02	Forward directional switch is closed on initial power up.	This status code will be displayed when P4 is greater than 60% of battery voltage at initial key switch on.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate because of Static Return to Off (SRO) lock out.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Forward directional switch is closed on initial start up (i.e. closure of battery, key switch or seat switch).  Return directional switch lever to neutral and then return lever to forward position.  Forward directional switch is welded closed or mis-adjusted to be held closed.  Replace or adjust directional switch to insure that it opens when the directional switch is returned to neutral.  Short circuit between P3 and P4.  Disconnect the wire from P4 and check for a short circuit between P3 and the wire that was connected to P4.  Defective control.	FUS SWITCH  SEATSW.  SEATSW.



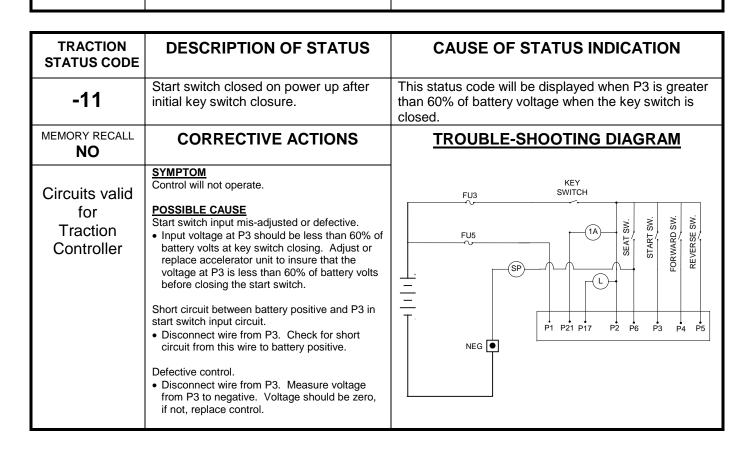
<b>DIAGNOSTIC STA</b> SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page <b>24</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-05	Start switch fails to close.	This status code will be displayed when P7 is less than 2.5 volts and P3 is less than 60% of battery volts.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Defective start switch circuit.      Check start switch to insure closure when accelerator is depressed.      Check for open circuit or loose connections in wiring from brake switch to start switch and from P3 to start switch.  Defective accelerator switch.      Check accelerator switch potentiometer for proper operation and ohmic value.	FUS SWITCH  SPATSW. STARTSW. NEG P1 P21 P17 P2 P6 P3 P4 P5 P9 P7 P2 P6 P3 P4 P5 P9 P9 P7 P4 P5 P9 P9 P7 P6 P3 P4 P5 P9 P9 P7 P6 P6 P6 P8 P5 P6 P6 P8 P6

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-06	Accelerator depressed with no direction selected.	This status code will be displayed when P4 and P5 are less than 60% of battery volts, and P7 is less than 2.5 volts.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Accelerator pedal is depressed before closing forward or reverse directional switch.  • Status code will disappear when directional switch is closed or when accelerator pedal is released.  Defective directional switch  • Check forward or reverse switch to insure closure when direction is selected.  Open circuit between directional switch(es) and battery positive or between directional switch(es) and P4 or P5.  • Check all control wires and connections shown in Trouble Shooting Diagram.	FUS SWITCH  SEAT SW.  ACC POT  NEG  NEG  NEG  NEG  NEG  NEG  NEG  NE

<b>DIAGNOSTIC STA</b> SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page <b>25</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-07	Accelerator input voltage too high during run mode.	This status code will be displayed when the accelerator input voltage at P7 is higher than 4.2 volts.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate when accelerator pedal is depressed or status code -07 is displayed then disappears when the vehicle starts to accelerate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Accelerator input mis-adjusted or defective.  Input voltage at P7 should be less than 4.2 volts. Adjust or replace accelerator unit to insure that the voltage at P7 will vary from 3.5 volts to less than .5 volts when the pedal is depressed.  Open circuit between battery negative and P7 in accelerator input circuit.  Check for broken wires or loose connections or open potentiometer / voltage supply.  Short circuit from battery positive to wiring in accelerator input circuit.  Disconnect wire from P7 and measure voltage at wire to negative. Should be zero volts for potentiometer type and less than 4.2 volts for solid state type accelerator input.	P9 P7 NEGATIVE ACC POT

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-08	Accelerator input voltage too low on power up after initial key switch closure.	This status code will be displayed when the accelerator input voltage at P7 is less than 3.0 volts, and any of the following connections are opened and closed: battery plug or key switch.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Accelerator input mis-adjusted or defective. Input voltage at P7 should be more than 3.0 volts. Adjust or replace accelerator unit to insure that the voltage at P7 is more than 3.0 volts before depressing pedal.  Short circuit between battery negative and P7 in accelerator input circuit. Disconnect wire from P7. Check for short circuit from wire to battery negative.  Defective Control Disconnect wire from P7. Measure voltage from P7 to negative. Voltage should be greater than 4.5 volts, if not, replace control.	P9 P7 NEGATIVE ACC POT

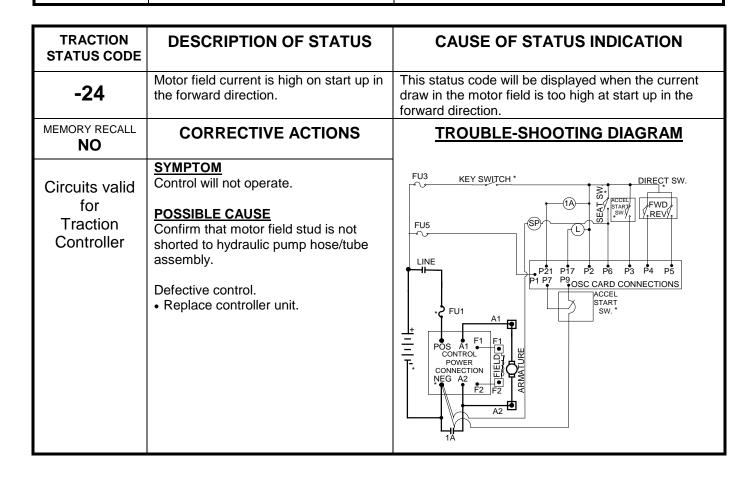
SX TRANSISTOR CO	JN I KUL	Page <b>26</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-09	Both the forward and reverse directional switches are closed at the same time.	This status code will be displayed when P4 and P5 are greater than 60% of battery volts at the same time.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Forward or reverse directional switch welded closed or mis-adjusted to be held closed.  • Replace or adjust directional switches to insure that they open when directional switch is returned to neutral.  Short circuit between battery positive and P4 and/or P5.  • Disconnect wires from P4 and P5 and check wire for short circuit to positive side of directional switch.  Defective Control  • Disconnect wires and measure voltage at P4 and P5. Voltage should be less than 60% of battery volts.	FUS SWITCH  SEATSWARD SW.  NEG SP  P1 P21 P17 P2 P6 P3 P4 P5



#### DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES SX TRANSISTOR CONTROL Page 27 **TRACTION DESCRIPTION OF STATUS CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION STATUS CODE** Battery voltage is too low or control This status code will be displayed when the battery -15 volts are less than 1.95 volts per cell at initial key card is mis-adjusted. switch on. See table below. MEMORY RECALL **CORRECTIVE ACTIONS** TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM NO **SYMPTOM** FU5 Control will not operate. Circuits valid MINIMUM NOMINAL for LIMIT VOLTS **POSSIBLE CAUSE BATTERY** AT 1.95 VDC Traction Discharged battery VOLTAGE PER CELL • Check battery for proper open circuit Controller 23.4 24 voltage as shown in "Trouble Shooting 36 35.1 Diagram", charge battery, if required. 46.8 48 72 70.2 Defective battery 80 78.0 • Check each battery cell for proper voltage (greater than 1.95 volts at cell). Replace or repair battery. Incorrect control card adjustment. • Check Function 15 for proper adjustment for battery being used. See Handset instruction sheet for details. Adjust to proper settings. Check "minimum" battery volts at P1 and

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-16	Battery voltage is too high or control card is mis-adjusted.	This status code will be displayed when the battery volts are greater than 2.4 volts per cell at initial key switch on. See table below.
MEMORY RECALL NO	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Incorrect control card adjustment Check Function 15 for proper adjustment for battery being used. See Handset instructions for details. Adjust to proper setting.  Battery over charged or incorrect battery used.  Check battery for proper open circuit voltage per table at right. If voltage is excessive, check battery charger for proper output voltage.  Check "maximum" battery volts at P1 and NEG.	NOMINAL BATTERY VOLTS AT 1.95 VDC PER CELL  24 28.8  36 43.2  48 57.6  72 86.4  80 100.8

<b>DIAGNOSTIC STA</b> SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page <b>28</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-23	Motor field current is high on start up in the reverse direction.	This status code will be displayed when the current draw in the motor field is too high at start up in the reverse direction.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Defective control. • Replace controller unit.	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  SP  1A  P21 P17 P2 P6 P3 P4 P5 P1 P7 P9 OSC CARD CONNECTIONS  ACCEL START SW.*  FU1  A1  POS A1 F1 F1 POWER CONNECTION NEG A2 F2 F3 F4 F5 F7



<b>DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES</b> SX TRANSISTOR CONTROL		Page <b>29</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-27	Control's power supply is less than 10 Volts DC.	This status code will be displayed when the control's power supply is less than 10 volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	EYMPTOM Line contactor closes and opens, then can only be closed by opening and closing the key switch.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Discharged Battery  Check battery to insure proper state of charge. Voltage may be dropping below 10 Volts DC under load.  Loose connection at P1.  Insure that the wire connection at P1 is tight.	FU3  SWITCH  FU5  L  NEG  NEG  NEG

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-28	Motor field current has remained too high during the run mode.	This status code will be displayed when the current in the motor field is sustained above a preset limit for longer than 70 seconds.
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Continued operation of vehicle in high motor current condition.  Operate vehicle at lower motor current condition for 70 seconds.  Function 7 is mis-adjusted to allow higher than normal motor field current.  Adjust function per OEM instructions.	THE PRESENCE OF THIS STATUS CODE I NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF A CONTROL ISSUE. THIS STATUS CODE MAY INDICATE AN APPLICATION ISSUE. DISPLAY OF THIS STATUS CODE SHOUL NOT TRIGGER THE RETURN OF A CONTROL FOR REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT

<b>DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES</b> SX TRANSISTOR CONTROL		Page <b>30</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-41	Open thermal protector (TP) or transistor over temperature.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the thermal protector is too high.
MEMORY RECALL YES *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	Reduced or no power to traction motor in control range.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Control is in thermal cut-back.  • Allow control to cool, status code should disappear.  • Insufficient heat transfer may be occurring between control and mounting surface. Refer to control mounting guidelines in section 4.4 of this manual.  * First status code displayed immediately, additional status codes displayed in 20 hour intervals.	THE PRESENCE OF THIS STATUS CODE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF A CONTROL ISSUE. THIS STATUS CODE MAY INDICATE AN APPLICATION ISSUE. DISPLAY OF THIS STATUS CODE SHOULD NOT TRIGGER THE RETURN OF A CONTROL FOR REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT.

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-42	Motor armature offset voltage is too high.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the current sensor input is greater than 2.6 volts with no current flowing in the motor circuit.
MEMORY RECALL NO	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Defective control. • Replace controller unit.	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  SP  TABLE  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FW

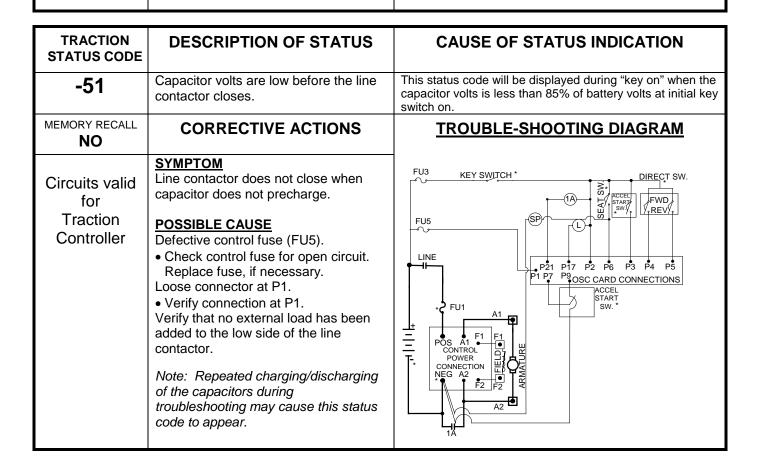
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-43	Motor armature offset voltage is too low.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the current sensor input is less than 2.4 volts with no current flowing in the motor circuit.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Defective control. • Replace controller unit.	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  A1  PD 1 P17 P2 P6 P3 P4 P5 P1 P7 P9 OSC CARD CONNECTIONS  ACCEL START SW.*  FU1  A1  POS A1 F1 POS A1 F1 POS A1 F1 POWER CONTROL POWER CONNECTION NEG A2  A2  A2  A2

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-44	Armature transistor did not turn off properly.	This status code will be displayed when, during control operation, the armature transistor fails to turn off. This will result in a PMT condition.
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	EYMPTOM Line contactor closes and opens, then can only be closed by opening and closing the key switch.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Defective control.  Replace controller unit.	FUS  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  AT START SW.*  FUS  FUS  FUS  FUS  FUS  FUS  FUS  FU

	<b>DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES</b> SX TRANSISTOR CONTROL Page <b>32</b>	
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-45	Armature transistor did not turn on properly.	This status code will be displayed when, during control operation, the armature transistor fails to turn on properly. This will result in a PMT condition.
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	EYMPTOM Line contactor closes and opens, then can only be closed by opening and closing the key switch.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Possible cable routing issue with the power cables to the 1A contactor routed too closely to the control Refer to OEM guidelines for cable placement near 1A contactor.	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  SP  P21 P17 P2 P6 P3 P4 P5 P1 P7 P9 OSC CARD CONNECTIONS  ACCEL START SW.*  FU1  A1  POS A1 F1 F1 CONTROL POWER CONNECTION NEG A2  F2 F

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-46	"Look Ahead" test for A2 volts less than 12% of battery volts.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at A2 is less than 12% of battery volts.
MEMORY RECALL NO	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	EYMPTOM Line contactor will not pick up.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Check for short circuit from the motor armature to the frame of the vehicle.  Possible 1A contactor tips welded Refer to OEM service bulletin regarding 1A tip welding on this platform.	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  ACCEL  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FW

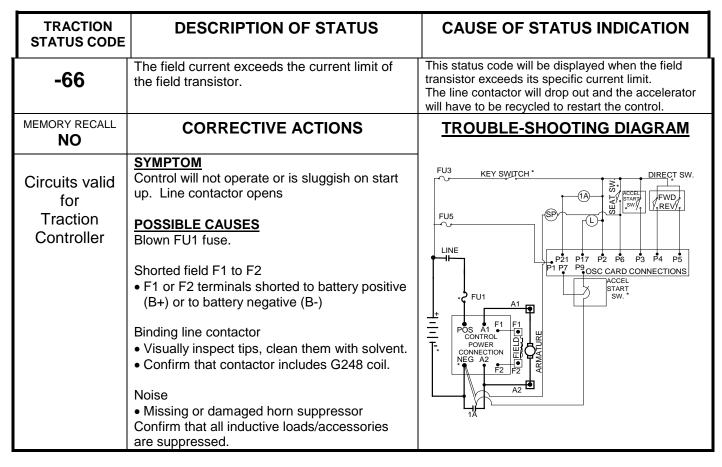
<b>DIAGNOSTIC STA</b> SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page <b>33</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-49	Motor field current is too low during the run mode.	This status code will be displayed when the current draw in the motor field is less than 3.1 amps, while the armature current is greater than 100A for 2.0 seconds during run mode.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will only operate for a second or two before shutting down.  POSSIBLE CAUSE If the fault code is intermittent, verify that the accelerator pot is adjusted correctly.  Check for open motor field coils or loose or intermittent field connections, or open F1 or F2 connections.	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  A  P21 P17 P2 P6 P3 P4 P5 P1 P7 P9 OSC CARD CONNECTIONS  ACCEL START SW.  ACCEL SW.  AC



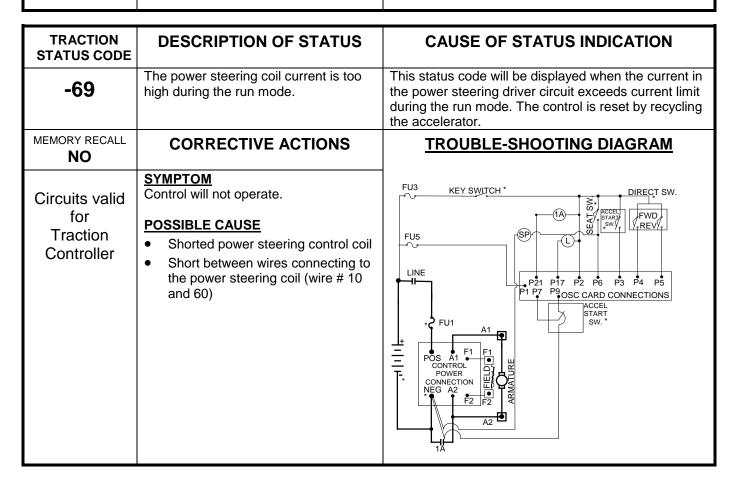
<b>DIAGNOSTIC ST</b> SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page <b>34</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-57	Controller "motor current sensor" input too low during running.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage input from the current sensor is too low (line contactor bounces open twice) during running.
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Defective control. • Replace controller unit.	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  SP  P1 P17 P2 P6 P3 P4 P5 P1 P7 P9 OSC CARD CONNECTIONS  ACCEL START SW.*  FU1  A1  POS A1 F1 F1 CONNECTION POWER CONNECTION NEG A2 F2 F2 F2 F2

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-64	The line driver input (P2-17) is less than 12% of battery volts	This status code will be displayed when the control detects that the line driver input (P2-17) is less than 12% battery volts when the key switch is turned on.
MEMORY RECALL NO	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE -Open wire connection to Pin 17 - Shorted line Driver transistor  Defective control. • Replace controller unit.	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  OF PACCEL  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FW

#### DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES SX TRANSISTOR CONTROL Page 35 TRACTION **DESCRIPTION OF STATUS** CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION **STATUS CODE** The line coil current is too high during This status code will be displayed when the current -65 the run mode limit in the line coil is exceeded during the run mode. The line contactor will drop out and the accelerator will have to be recycled to reset the control. MEMORY RECALL **CORRECTIVE ACTIONS** TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM NO SYMPTOM FU3 Control will not operate. KEY SWITCH ' Circuits valid for FWD **POSSIBLE CAUSE** REV Traction FU5 Controller - Shorted line contactor coil - Short between wires connected to LINE P3 P4 P5 P17 P2 P6 P3 P4 P5 P9 OSC CARD CONNECTIONS P2 P6 line coil (wires #10 and 24) ACCEL START FU1 POWER CONNECTION NEG A2



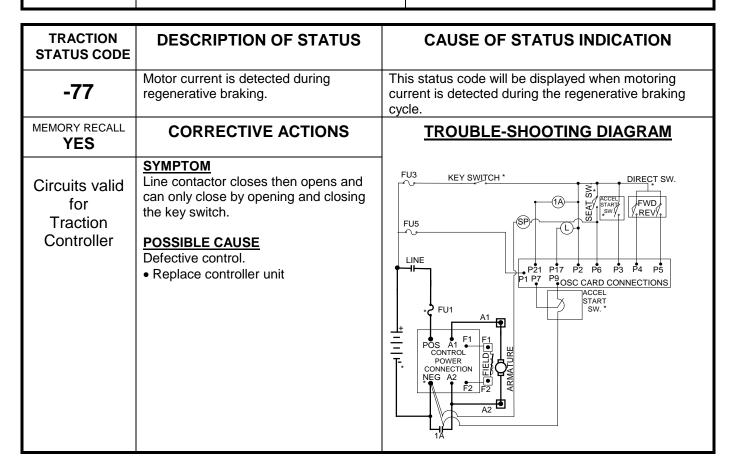
DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES SX TRANSISTOR CONTROL Page 36		
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-67	The armature current exceeds the armature transistor limit.	This status code will be displayed when the armature transistor exceeds its specific current limit. The control is reset by recycling the accelerator.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Shorted motor armature A1 to A2  Power cables may be shorted to each other (Measure at control terminals)  • A1 to A2 terminals may be shorted to battery positive or negative  Noise • Missing or damaged horn suppressor Confirm that all inductive loads/accessories are suppressed.	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  OF PACCEL  START  SW.  FWD  REV.  FWD  FWD  REV.  FWD  REV



<b>DIAGNOSTIC ST</b> SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page <b>37</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-76	Capacitor (1C) voltage too high.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage on the capacitor goes above limit voltage* during the regenerative braking cycle.
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	EYMPTOM Line contactor opens and closes, then opens and can only close by opening and closing the key switch.  POSSIBLE CAUSE  • Unplugging the battery connector during regenerative braking.  • Line contactor bouncing open during regen.  • Main power fuse opening during regen.  • Intermittent battery plug connection.  • Missing or damaged horn suppressor.  * Limit Voltage:  Limit Batt.  50V 36V  70V 48V	FU3  KEY SWITCH*  DIRECT SW.  PO ROCCEL  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FWD  FW

96V

72/80V



SX TRANSISTOR CONTROL

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-82	If the armature current is greater than 1100 amps in 1A mode; or greater than 730 amps for longer than 3.5 seconds in control mode, the armature motoring current will be turned off.	This status code will be displayed when the armature current exceeds 1100 amps in the 1A mode, or 730 amps for 3.5 sec and the accelerator pedal is calling for maximum performance in the control mode.
MEMORY RECALL NO	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM The Control will not operate, and can only be reset by cycling the accelerator.  POSSIBLE CAUSE:  Continued operation of vehicle in high motor current condition  Operating control at stall motor current for more than 3.5 seconds.  Function 16 is incorrectly adjusted for control % on time.  Adjust function per OEM instructions	THE PRESENCE OF THIS STATUS CODE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF A CONTROL ISSUE. IF FUNCTION 16 IS NOT MIS-ADJUSTED, THE STATUS CODE INDICATES AN APPLICATION ISSUE WHERE A MOTOR IS BEING STALLED, ETC. DISPLAY OF THIS STATUS CODE SHOULD NOT TRIGGER THE RETURN OF A CONTROL FOR REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT.

<b>DIAGNOSTIC STA</b> SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page 39
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-90	Traction motor temperature has exceeded maximum temperature limit.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the respective terminal of the TMM or Pump Logic Card is at zero volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Motor Temperature	SYMPTOM Status code flashes "on and off".  POSSIBLE CAUSE Traction motor overheating.  Plug P16 (pump) is shorted to battery negative.  Defective input switch (shorted).  Defective TMM module.  Defective pump controller.  * First status code is displayed immediately, additional status codes are displayed in 20 hour intervals.	P16 WHEN SR Series PUMP CONTROL IS USED  USER SW  NEG  SC90

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-91	Pump motor temperature has exceeded maximum temperature limit.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the respective terminal of the TMM or Pump Logic Card is at zero volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Motor	SYMPTOM Status code flashes "on and off".  POSSIBLE CAUSE Pump motor overheating.	
Temperature	Plug P11 (pump) is shorted to battery negative.	
	Defective input switch (shorted).	P11 WHEN SR Series PUMP CONTROL IS USED
	Defective TMM module	
	Defective pump controller.	USER SW
	* First status code is displayed immediately, additional status codes are displayed in 20 hour intervals.	NEG SC91

<b>DIAGNOSTIC STA</b> SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page <b>40</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-93	Steering pump motor brush wear indicator has detected worn brush.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the respective terminal of the TMM or Pump Logic Card is at battery volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Steer Pump Motor Brush Wear Indicator	SYMPTOM Status code flashes "on and off".  POSSIBLE CAUSE Steering motor brushes are worn.  Plug P3 (pump) is shorted to positive.  Defective input switch (shorted).  Defective TMM controller.  Defective pump controller.  * First status code is displayed immediately, additional status codes are displayed in 20 hour intervals.	P3 WHEN SR Series PUMP CONTROL IS USED  USER SW POS  SC93

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-93	Steering pump motor brush wear indicator has detected worn brush.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the respective terminal of the TMM or Pump Logic Card is at battery volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Steering Pump Motor Brush Wear Indicator	SYMPTOM Status code flashes "on and off".  POSSIBLE CAUSE Steering motor brushes are worn.  Plug P4 (pump) is shorted to positive.  Defective input switch (shorted).  Defective TMM module.  Defective pump controller.  * First status code is displayed immediately, additional status codes are displayed in 20 hour intervals.	P4 WHEN SR Series PUMP CONTROL IS USED  USER SW  POS  SC93A

DIAGNOSTIC STA SX TRANSISTOR CO		Page <b>41</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-94	Traction motor brush wear indicator has detected worn brush.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the respective terminal of the TMM or Pump Logic Card is at battery volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Motor Brush Wear Indicator	SYMPTOM Status code flashes "on and off".  POSSIBLE CAUSE Traction motor brushes are worn.  Plug P5 (pump) is shorted to positive.  Defective input switch (shorted).  Defective TMM module.  Defective pump controller.  * First status code is displayed immediately, additional status codes are displayed in 20 hour intervals.	P5 WHEN SR Series PUMP CONTROL IS USED  USER SW  POS  SC94

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-94	Traction motor brush wear indicator had detected worn brush.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the respective terminal of the TMM or Pump Logic Card is at zero volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid	SYMPTOM Status code flashes "on and off".	
for Traction Motor	POSSIBLE CAUSE Traction motor brushes are worn.	
Brush Wear	Plug P6 (pump) is shorted to positive.  Defective input switch (shorted).	P6 WHEN SR Series PUMP CONTROL IS USED
	Defective TMM module.	
	Defective pump controller.	USER SW
	* First status code is displayed immediately, additional status codes are displayed in 20 hour intervals.	► POS SC94A

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-95	Pump motor brush wear indicator has detected worn brush.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the respective terminal of the TMM or Pump Logic Card is at battery volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Pump Motor Brush Wear Indicator	SYMPTOM Status code flashes "on and off".  POSSIBLE CAUSE Pump motor brushes are worn.  Plug P8 (pump) is shorted to positive.  Defective input switch (shorted).  Defective TMM module.  Defective pump controller  * First status code is displayed immediately, additional status codes are displayed in 20 hour intervals.	P8 WHEN SR Series PUMP CONTROL IS USED  USER SW POS
		SC95

TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-95	Pump motor brush wear indicator has detected worn brush.	This status code will be displayed when the voltage at the respective terminal of the TMM or Pump Logic Card is at battery volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Pump Motor Brush Wear Indicator	SYMPTOM Status code flashes "on and off".  POSSIBLE CAUSE Pump motor brushes are worn.  Plug P9 (pump) is shorted to positive.  Defective input switch (shorted).  Defective TMM module.  Defective pump controller.  * First status code is displayed immediately, additional status codes are displayed in 20 hour intervals.	P9 WHEN SR Series PUMP CONTROL IS USED  USER SW  POS
		SC95A

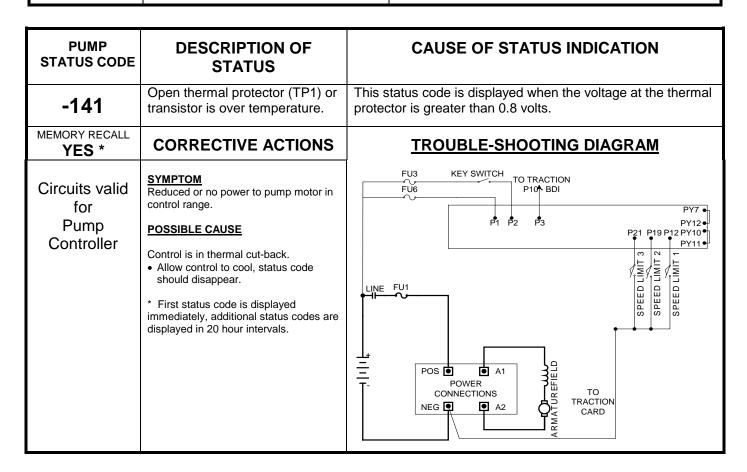
		Page <b>43</b>
TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-99	Maintenance alert and speed limit.	This status code will be displayed when the "normal" hour meter exceeds the "maintenance alert hours" setting for the vehicle.
MEMORY RECALL NO *	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Traction Controller	SYMPTOM Status code is displayed for 4 seconds when the key switch is first turned on, and/or the vehicle may run at a reduced speed.  CUSTOMER SELECTED SETTING WITH THE HANDSET: User defined status code is displayed when the normal hour meter reading exceeds the programmed "maintenance alert hours" setting selected by the user  • Maintenance Code Hour Meter, Functions 19 and 20, are programmed with the Handset and command the display of status code -99.  • If desired, Maintenance Code Speed Limit, Function 13, can be programmed with the Handset.  User should perform the desired maintenance function. Re-set maintenance alert hour meter after maintenance is performed.  * First status code is displayed immediately, additional status codes are displayed in 20 hour intervals.	NO DIAGRAM  USER SHOULD PERFORM THE DESIRED MAINTENANCE FUNCTION

**Section 4.8 Pump Control Codes** 

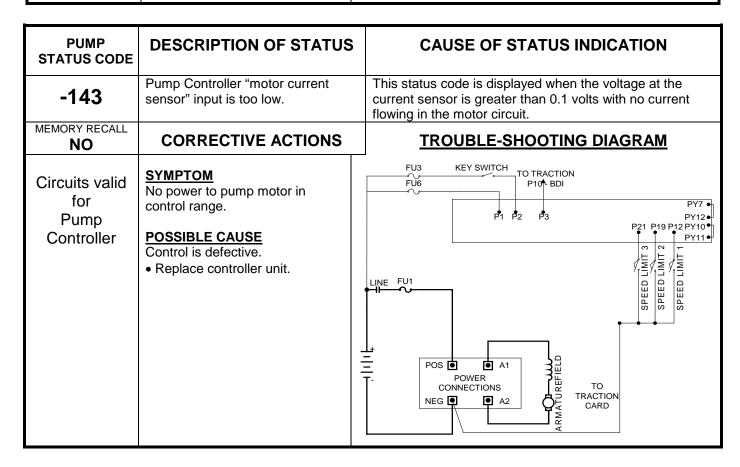
PUMP STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-117	"Card Type" selection is invalid.	This status code will be displayed when the card type selection value is set to an invalid number.
MEMORY RECALL <b>NO</b>	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Pump Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Invalid card type selection.  • Review function 17 in the Handset Instruction sheets. Adjust and set card type value as instructed by OEM service manual.  Verify that the correct logic card catalog number is installed in the controller.	NO GRAPHIC FOR THIS STATUS CODE

PUMP STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-127	Control logic card power supply is less than 10 VDC.	This status code is displayed when the logic card power supply is less than 10 volts.
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Pump Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE  Discharged Battery • Check battery to insure proper state of charge.  Loose connection at P1. • Insure that the wire connection at P1 is tight.  Defective logic card • Replace control.	FU2  LINE FU1  P1 P2  POS A1  POWER CONNECTIONS  NEG A2  NEG A2  POWER A2

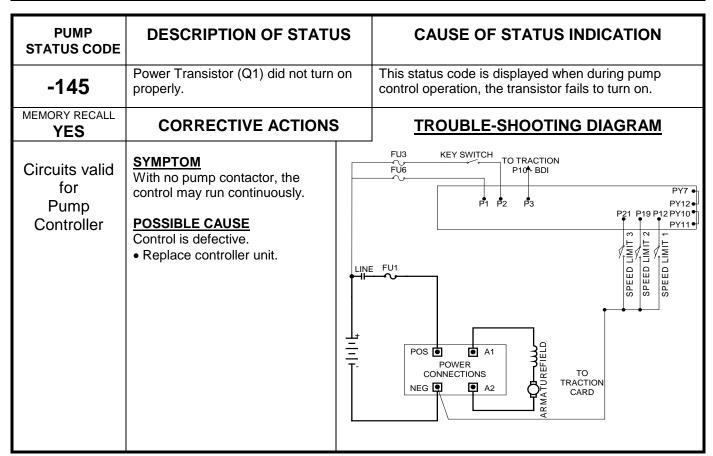
PUMP STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-128	Armature current is too high during the lift mode.	Status code displayed when the current in the armature circuit is sustained above 300A for 70 sec.
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Pump Controller	SYMPTOM Control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Continued operation of vehicle in high motor current condition.  Operate vehicle at lower motor current condition for 70 seconds.	FU2  LINE FU1  P1 P2  POS A1  POWER CONNECTIONS  NEG A2  NEG A2  POWER A2



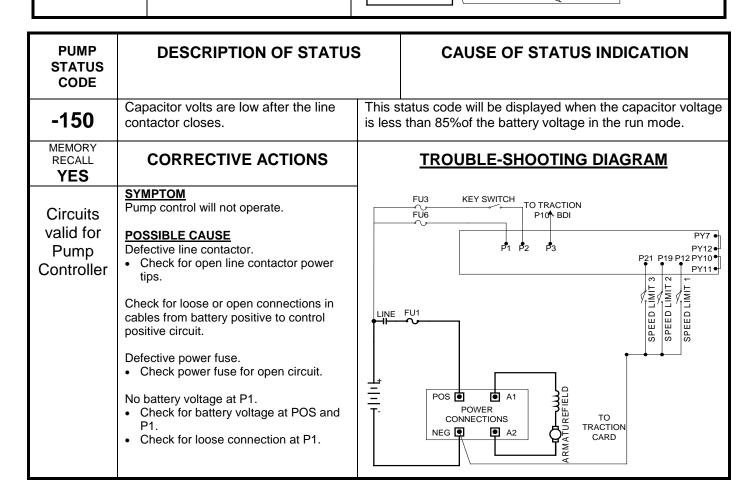
#### DIAGNOSTIC STATUS CODES TRANSISTOR PUMP CONTROL Page 46 **PUMP DESCRIPTION OF** CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION STATUS CODE **STATUS** This status code is displayed when the voltage at the Pump Controller "motor current -142 current sensor is greater than 0.1 volts with no current sensor" input is missing. flowing in the motor circuit. MEMORY RECALL **CORRECTIVE ACTIONS** TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM NO FU3 KEY SWITCH TO TRACTION P10 BDI SYMPTOM Circuits valid FU6 No power to pump motor in for control range. P1 P2 PY12● Pump P21 P19 P12 PY10 \* Controller PY11 ● **POSSIBLE CAUSE** SPEED LIMIT 3 SPEED LIMIT 2 SPEED LIMIT 1 Control is defective. • Replace controller unit. LINE FU1 POS 🗖 **▲** A1 POWER то CONNECTIONS **TRACTION** NEG 👤 A2 CARD



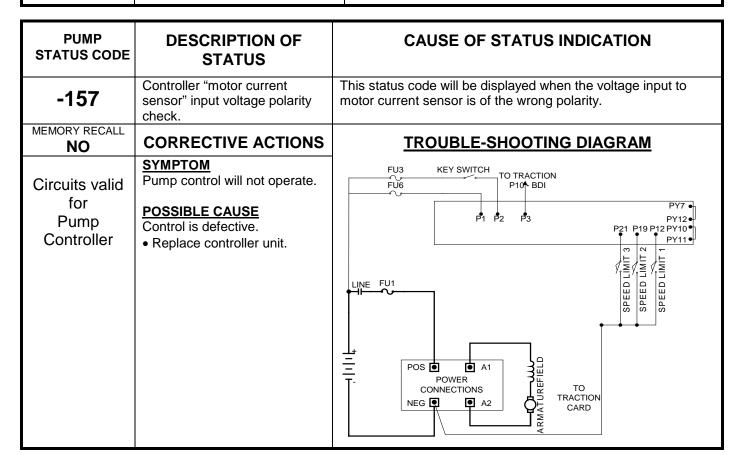
PUMP STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-144	Power Transistor (Q1) did not turn off properly.	This status code is displayed when, during pump control operation, the transistor fails to turn off. This will result in a PMT condition.
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Pump Controller	SYMPTOM With no pump contactor, control may run continuously.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Control is defective. • Replace controller unit.	FU3 KEY SWITCH TO TRACTION P10 BDI  PY7 PY12 PY3 P21 P19 P12 PY10 PY11 PW PY11  FU1 POWER CONNECTIONS NEG A1 POWER CONNECTIONS NEG A2  PARACTION CARD



DIAGNOSTIC STA TRANSISTOR PUMP			Page 48	8
PUMP STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS		CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION	
-146	"Look Ahead" test for T2 volts less than 12% of battery volts.			
MEMORY RECALL YES	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS		TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM	
Circuits valid for Pump Controller	SYMPTOM Pump control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Check for short circuit from the motor armature to the frame of the vehicle.  Control is defective.  Replace controller unit.		POS A1 POWER CONNECTIONS NEG A2  A2  A2  A2  A3  A4  A4  A5  A4  A5  A6  A6  A6  A6  A7  A7  A7  A7  A7  A7	12• 10•

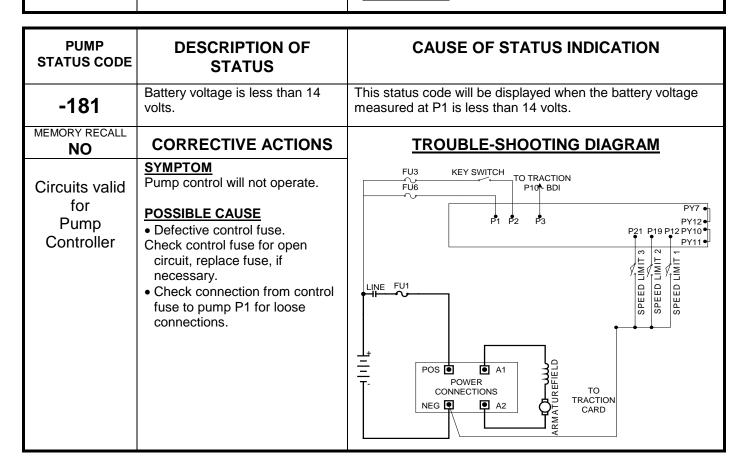


TRACTION STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS	S CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-151	Capacitor volts are low before the lin contactor closes. (Internal card function during precharge)	This status code will be displayed during "key on" when the capacitor volts is less than 85% of battery volts at initial key switch on.
MEMORY RECALL NO	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS	TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Pump Controller	Pump control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE Defective control fuse.  • Check control fuse for open circuit, replace fuse, if necessary.  Defective control.  • Replace controller unit.  Note: Repeated "charging/discharging" the capacitors during troubleshooting will cause status code 51. Also "do not" connect any loads to the low side of the line contactor.	FU3 KEY SWITCH TO TRACTION P10 BDI PY1 P2 P3 PY1 P19 P12 PY10 PY11 PY11 POWER CONNECTIONS NEG A2 A1 POWER CONNECTIONS NEG A2 A2 A2 A4 A4 AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA A



TRANSISTOR FOR CONTROL	TRANSISTOR	PUMP	CONTROL
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PUMP STATUS CODE	DESCRIPTION OF STATUS		CAUSE OF STATUS INDICATION
-180	Voltage at capacitor (1C) is less than 14 volts.		This status code will be displayed when the voltage at P1 is less than 14 volts. This occurs typically in the run mode of operation.
MEMORY RECALL NO	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS		TROUBLE-SHOOTING DIAGRAM
Circuits valid for Pump Controller	Pump control will not operate.  POSSIBLE CAUSE (Line contactor controlled by traction control). Line Contactor opened up during run.  • Check connection from P17 to Line coil (-) for loose connection.  • Check connection from battery (+) to Line coil (+) for loose connection.  • Check power connection from battery (+) to contactor L.  • Check for blown fuse at pump control.  • Check for dirty contactor tips.	LINE	FU3 KEY SWITCH TO TRACTION P10 BDI  P10 BDI  P10 BDI  P11 P2 P3  P21 P19 P12 PY10 PY11  PY11 P19 P12 PY10 PY11  PY11 P19 P12 PY10 PY11  POWER CONNECTIONS NEG A2  PA2 P3 P21 P19 P12 PY10 PY11  TO TRACTION CARD



### Section 5. TRUCK MANAGEMENT MODULE (TMM)

#### **Section 5.1 General Features**

The Truck Management Module is a multi-functional accessory card (IC3645TMM7A), or an integral function of the SR Pump control when used with the SX Family of Traction controls. The Module provides the OEM with the ability to initiate status codes or operator warning codes to be displayed on the Dash Display whenever a normally open switch or sensor wire provides a signal to the Module.

The TMM Module can be used to display a separate status code indicating an over temperature of traction motors, hydraulic motors, or any other device or system that can activate a switch that closes.

It can also be used as a Brush Wear Indicator (BWI). The Brush Wear Indicator is designed to detect a "worn-out brush" and display a fault code on the Dash Display to warn maintenance personnel that the motor brushes need to be replaced before they wear to the point of causing destructive damage to the motor commutator surface. The BWI function is compatible with any sensor that short circuits to the motor armature to signal limits of brush wear.

Note: Motor armature must be in the positive side of the battery circuit.

#### **Section 5.2 Operation**

The Module utilizes 9 OEM input points and 3 output points that connect to the "Y" plug on the traction logic card. **Due to the low level signal value of this output, shielded wire should always be used to insure proper operation.** The input to the Module is either a switch or sensor wire closure to battery negative or positive. The following table outlines the status code displayed for each input, when that point is closed to battery negative or positive, as indicated.

TMM7A	Pump		
Card	Control	Status	
<u>Terminal</u>	<u>Terminal</u>	<b>Code</b>	Connect To
TB1	P16	90 *	Neg
TB3	P11	91	Neg
TB4	P15	92	Neg
TB5	P3	93 *	Pos
TB6	P4	93 *	Pos
TB8	P5	94	Pos
TB10	P6	94	Pos
TB11	P8	95	Pos
TB12	P9	95	Pos

\* Status codes 90 and 93 can also be programmed with the Handset to reduce the speed of the truck from 100 to 0 percent-on-time.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Status Codes 93, 94 and 95 are only checked when a neutral signal is present (i.e., open start switch or open F/R switch). The status code is displayed and the speed limit enabled when the control is returned to the run mode. Do not use status code 93 speed limit for applications requiring immediate speed limit on switch closure.

Typical wiring diagrams and outline drawings for the TMM7A accessory card and SR family of Pump TMM functions are shown in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.

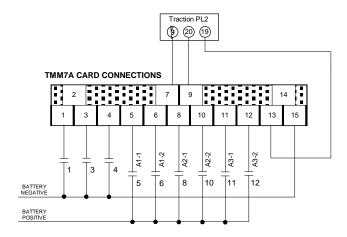
#### **Section 5.3 Installation**

WARNING: Before any adjustments, servicing or act requiring physical contact with working components, jack drive wheels off the floor, disconnect the battery and discharge the capacitors in the traction and pump controls, as explained in Section 4.4.

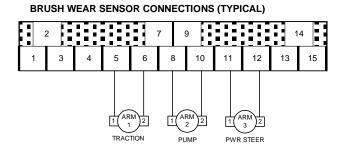
The TMM7A accessory card should be mounted to a flat surface (in any plane) in an area protected from water, oil and battery acid. Mounting dimensions are shown in Section 5.5. Two (0.187 inch, 4.75mm) mounting holes are provided.

#### **Section 5.4 Connection Diagrams**

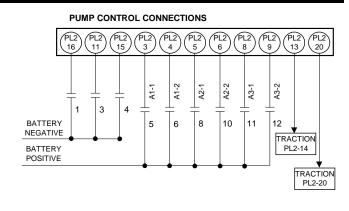
#### **Section 5.4.1 TMM7A Card Connections**



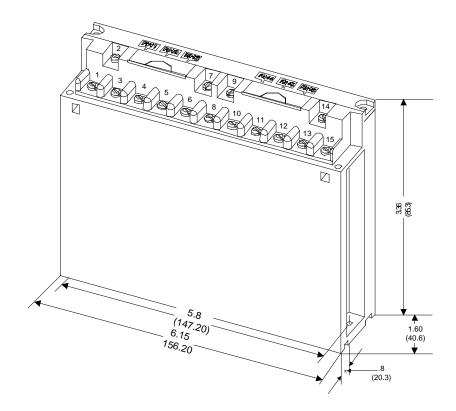
Section 5.4.2 Typical Brush Wear Sensor Connections



**Section 5.4.3 TMM Pump Control Connections** 



**Section 5.5 TMM7A Outline Drawings** 



# Section 6. SX FAMILY GE HANDSET INSTRUCTIONS

#### **Section 6.1 General Features**

The GE Handset is a multi-functional tool to be used with the LX, ZX, and SX Series GE solid-state controls. The Handset consists of a Light Emitting Diode (LED) display and a keyboard for data entry.

Note: The Handset is the same for all GE controls, however, the cable will change between some control types.

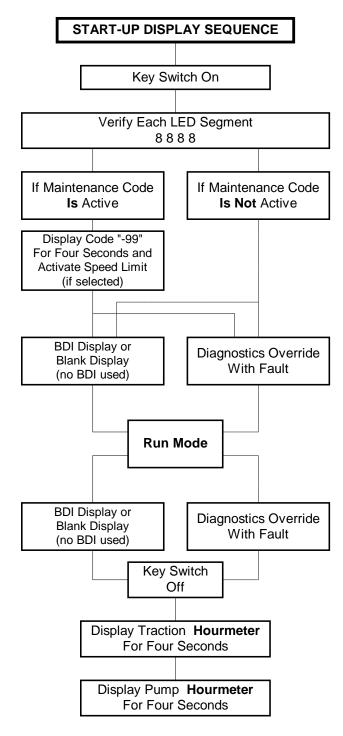
#### **Section 6.2 Purpose / Setup Functions**

The purpose of the Handset is to allow authorized personnel to perform the following functions of the SX family of Controls:

- Monitor existing system fault codes
- Monitor intermittent random fault codes
- Monitor battery state of charge on systems with BDI
- Monitor hourmeter reading
- Monitor or adjust the following control functions:
  - Creep speed
  - Armature Controlled Acceleration and 1A Time
  - Regenerative Braking Current Limit and Disable
  - Armature and Field Current Limit
  - Plugging Distance (Current)
  - Pedal Position Plug Range or Disable
  - ♦ 1A Drop Out Current or Disable
  - ♦ Speed Limit Points
  - ♦ Truck Management Fault Speed Limit
  - ♦ Internal Resistance Compensation for Battery State of Charge Indication
  - ♦ Battery Voltage (36/48 volts is auto ranging)
  - Selection of Card Operation Type.

Warning: Before connecting or disconnecting the Handset tool, turn off the key switch, unplug the battery and jack up the drive wheels of the vehicle.

At the transistor control traction card, unplug the "Y plug" if the dash display is in use, and plug in the Handset to the plug location "Y" on the control card. After installing the Handset tool, plug the battery in and turn the key switch on. The following is the start-up display sequence that will occur:



NOTE: The vehicle can be operated with the Handset connected, however, the adjustment knob must be set fully clockwise to insure the control operates at top speed.

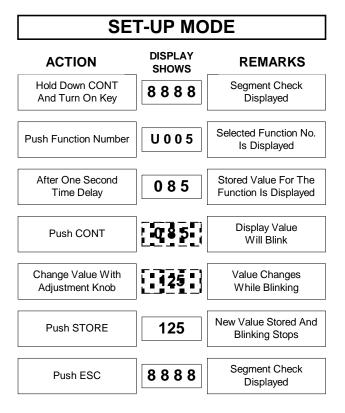
Warning: Before making any adjustments to the control, you must consult the operating and maintenance instructions supplied by the vehicle manufacturer. Failure to follow proper set up instructions could result in mis-operation or damage to the control system.

#### **Section 6.3 Set-up Function Procedures**

With the Handset connected, hold down the **CONT** key and turn on the key switch. This will place you in the setup mode, ready to monitor or adjust control function settings.

NOTE: The term "Push" means to depress key for approximately one second.

Section 6.3.1 Setup Mode



At this point, another function can be monitored/changed by pushing another function number, or the vehicle can be placed in the run mode by holding the **ESC** key down for one second or longer. The display will return to either the diagnostics mode, the BDI display, or a blank display (if BDI is not used and there are no fault codes). The vehicle can now be operated with the Handset connected, or the Handset can be disconnected before operation.

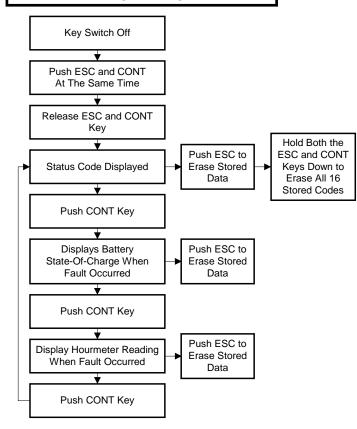
NOTE: You can return to the segment check mode at any time, by holding down the ESC key until 8888 appears in the display.

#### Section 6.3.2 Status Code Scrolling

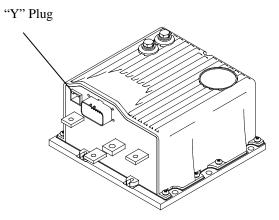
The SX family of controllers furnishes a function register that contains the last 16 "stored status codes" that shut down vehicle operation (a PMT type fault that is reset by cycling the key switch) and the battery state of charge

reading at the time the fault occurred. The first of the 16 status codes will be overwritten each time a new status code occurs. This stored status code register can be cleared from memory by using the Handset.

#### ACCESSING STORED STATUS CODES WITH GE HANDSET

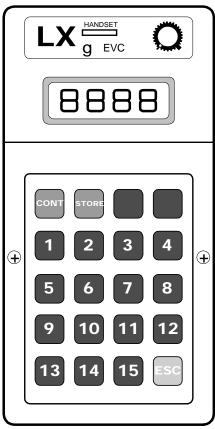


Section 6.3.3 SX Family Handset, Plug Connections and Outline Drawing



Handset Cable (Only) Part Number - 325B1002G1

Handset, Cable and Carrying Case Part Number – IC3645LXHS1EC2



Section 6.4 Setup Functions for Traction Controller

#### FUNCTION 1 MOTOR VOLTS TO ENABLE AUTO REGEN (Push 1)

This function allows for the adjustment of motor volts to enable AutoRegen.

For a setting value of less than 25 (corresponding to a soft release of auto regen and normal regen), the motor voltage to enable regen is calculated by multiplying the value of the setting by 0.375. For example, a setting of 16 will be multiplied by 0.375 to enable regen at 6 motor volts.

$$Vm = VAL(setting) X .375$$

For a setting value of greater than 25, the motor voltage to enable auto regen is calculated by subtracting 25 from the setting value and multiplying that number by 0.375. For example, a setting of 33, the motor volts necessary to enable auto regen is (33 - 25) x 0.375, or 3 volts.

### FUNCTION 2 CREEP SPEED ( Push 2 )

This function allows for the adjustment of the creep speed of the vehicle. Creep speed can be adjusted when an accelerator input voltage between 3.9 and 3.3 volts or an

accelerator ohm input between 6K and 4.0K ohms is provided.

Range 2% to 15% on time

Set 0 to 255

Resolution 0.05% per set unit

Example: Setting of 20 = 3% on time

Important Note: This function is used to optimize motor and control performance and this setting will be determined by GE and OEM engineers at the time of vehicle development. This setting must not be changed by field personnel without the permission of the OEM.

#### FUNCTION 3 ARMATURE CONTROLLED ACCELERATION (Push 3)

This function allows for the adjustment of the rate of time it takes for the control to accelerate to 100% applied battery voltage to the motor on hard acceleration. The 1A contactor will automatically close 2.0 seconds after the controlled acceleration stops and the accelerator input is less than 0.5 volts or less than 200 ohms.

Range 0.1 to 22.0 seconds

Set 0 to 255

Resolution 0.084 seconds per set unit Example: Setting of 20 = 1.8 seconds C/A

and 2.0 1A time

### FUNCTION 4 ARMATURE CURRENT LIMIT (Push 4)

This function allows for the adjustment of the armature current limit of the control. The rating of the control will determine the range of adjustment for this function. Please refer to the specification sheets and current limit curves for the control used in your vehicle.

Range See control C/L curves

Set 0 to 255

Example:  $0 = \min$ . current,  $255 = \max$ .

current

### FUNCTION 5 REGEN RAMP RATE (Push 5)

This function allows for the adjustment of the rate that regen braking is applied.

Armature current adjustment setting range: 0 to 126 Higher values of this setting correspond to a faster rate of change in armature current.

Field current adjustment setting range: 0 to 126 0 - 42 Fastest rate of change in field current

43 - 84 Medium rate of change in field current 85 - 126 Slowest rate of change in field current

### FUNCTION 6 FW RATIO (Push 6)

This function sets the ratio between armature and field current when operating below the Field Weakening Start point. The setting represents the quantity of field current changed for each 1 amp of armature current changed.

	Max	
Volts	Fld Ref	
48	60	
72/80	55	

The ratio value (VAL) is the set value divided by 10 and rounded to the lowest whole number.

Example : Setting of 45 = 45/10 = 4.5 = 4 VAL.

 $I_{FIELD} = VAL (I_{MOTOR} X.024)$ 

### FUNCTION 7 MIN FIELD CURRENT ( Push 7 )

This function allows the adjustment of the field weakening level in order to set the top speed of the motor.

Volts	Min	Max	Set	Resolution Per unit value
48	0	60	51 to 255	.314
72/80	0	55	51 to 255	.269

MIN 
$$I_F = (VAL-51) X .314 (48 VOLT)$$

Important Note: This function is used to optimize motor and control performance, and this setting will be determined by GE and OEM engineers at the time of vehicle development. This setting must not be changed by field personnel without the permission of the OEM.

### FUNCTION 8 MAX FIELD CURRENT (Push 8)

This function allows for the adjustment of the maximum field current in order to obtain the maximum torque of the motor.

				Resolution
Volts	Min	Max	Set	Per unit value
48	0	60	51 to	.314
			255	
72/80	0	55	51 to	.269

	255	

MAX  $I_F = (VAL-51) X .314 (48 VOLT)$ 

Important Note: This function is used to optimize motor and control performance, and this setting will be determined by GE and OEM engineers at the time of vehicle development. This setting must not be changed by field personnel without the permission of the OEM.

### FUNCTION 9 REGEN BRAKING C/L (Push 9)

This function allows for the adjustment of the Regen braking current limit. The higher the current, the shorter the stopping distance.

				Resolution	Example
Volts	Min	Max	Set	Per unit value	If set at 20
48	183	597	0 to 255	1.625+183	215 amp
	A	A			
72/80	26A	440	0 to 255	1.625	58 amps
		A			

REGEN BRAKE  $I_A = (VAL \times 1.625) + 183 48 \text{ VOLTS}$ 

# FUNCTION 10 FIELD CURRENT FOR REGEN ( Push 10 )

This function allows for the adjustment of the field current to be used during the regen braking mode.

Volts	Min	Max	Set	Resolution Per unit value	Example If set at 71
48	0	60	51 to 255	.314	6.28A
72/80	0	55	51 to 255	.269 amps	5.38A

Important Note: This function is used to optimize motor and control performance and this setting will be determined by GE and OEM engineers at the time of vehicle development. This setting must not be changed by field personnel without the permission of the OEM.

### FUNCTION 12 MAX ARMATURE PERCENT ON (Push 12)

This function allows for the adjustment of the motor speed limit (maximum battery volts to the motor). The dash display mode selection enables the speed limit as well as setting the level of speed limit.

### FUNCTION 13 SPEED LIMIT 3 (Push 13)

The SL3 set speed limit is activated by the Truck Management Module 90,91 and also status code 99. See

Section 5 for Truck Management Module details; Maintenance Speed Limit.

#### FUNCTION 14 INTERNAL RESISTANCE COMPENSATION ( Push 14 )

This function is used when the Battery Discharge Indicator is present. Adjustment of this function will improve the accuracy of the BDI. In order to determine this setting the voltage drop of the battery under load must first be calculated by the following method. This function can be changed by the dash display mode selection button.

- 1. On a fully charged battery, record the open circuit voltage (Vo) by measuring the voltage at the control positive and negative power terminals.
- Load the traction motor to 100 amps in 1A and record the voltage (V<sub>L</sub>) at the control positive and negative power terminal.
- 3. Calculate voltage drop ( $V_{Drop}$ ) as follows:  $V_{Drop} = V_O V_L$
- 4. Use the table below to determine the appropriate setting using the calculated  $V_{\text{Drop}}$  as a reference.

### INTERNAL RESISTANCE COMPENSATION TABLE

Setting	$V_{Drop}$	Setting	$V_{\mathrm{Drop}}$
2	11.44	17	01.34
3	07.60	18	01.27
4	05.72	19	01.20
5	04.57	20	01.14
6	03.81	21	01.09
7	03.27	22	01.04
8	02.86	23	00.99
9	02.54	24	00.95
10	02.28	25	00.91
11	02.08	26	00.88
12	01.90	27	00.85
13	01.76	28	00.82
14	01.63	29	00.79
15	01.52	30	00.76
16	01.43	31	00.74

### FUNCTION 15 BATTERY VOLTS (Push 15)

This function allows for the adjustment of voltage range for controls equipped with the Battery Discharge Indication function. In order for the BDI to operate properly, the setting as shown in the table must be entered:

<b>Battery volts</b>	Set units
24 volts	Between 0 and 31
36 volts	Between 32 and 44
48 volts	Between 45 and 69
72 volts	Between 70 and 80
80 volts	Between 81 and 183
36/48 volts	Between 184 and 250
No BDI	Between 251 and 255

The following functions have function numbers larger than the numbers on the Handset keyboard. To access these functions. Push the CONT key and the number shown in the following instructions at the same time. THE SEAT SWITCH MUST BE OPEN.

#### .FUNCTION 16 STALL TRIP POINT WITH % ON-TIME

This function allows for the adjustment of control percent on time for the stall motor trip point

Control % On time = 163 -(Set Point Val)\*.892

If 163 or greater, then "0.0" % on time If 51 or less, then "100."% on time

# FUNCTION 17 CARD TYPE SELECTION ( Push CONT 2 )

This function allows for the selection of the card type used for your vehicle's application. The table below shows the setting to select card application type, depending on which control card is used.

FUNCTIONS	REGEN
BDI Lockout Disable Auto Regen	50 to 54
BDI Lockout Enable AutoRegen	55 to 59

Settings for these functions should be made within the ranges indicated above.

Warning: These settings must be changed by authorized personnel only, following instructions supplied by the vehicle manufacturer. Card type selection must be made within the capabilities of the control panel used and the supporting electro mechanical devices. Failure to comply with proper application standards could result in mis-operation or damage to the control and/or motors.

### FUNCTION 18 LINE CONTACTOR TIME DELAY ( Push CONT 3 )

This function allows for the adjustment of the run mode after the seat switch opens.

Range 1.5 to 65 seconds
Setting Between 0 and 128
Resolution 0.5 seconds per set unit

Example: Setting of  $20 = (20 \times 0.5) + 1.5 = 11.5$  seconds

Or:

Range 0.5 to 63 seconds
Setting Between 129 and 255
Resolution 0.5 seconds per set unit

Example: Setting of  $149 = ((149-129) \times 0.5) + 1.5 = 11.5$ 

seconds

Note: Line contactor drop out will be 1.5 seconds after the

seat switch opens.

# FUNCTION 19 MAINTENANCE CODE TENS AND UNITS HOURS SET (Push CONT 4)

This function allows for the adjustment of the tens and units hours of the maintenance code activation time.

Range 0 to 99 Set 0 to 99 Example 9999 Hours

#### FUNCTION 20 MAINTENANCE CODE THOUSANDS AND HUNDREDS HOURS SET ( Push CONT 5 )

This function allows for the adjustment of the thousands and hundreds hours of the maintenance code activation time.

> Range 0 to 240 Set 0 to 240 Example 999 Hours

# FUNCTION 21 AUTO REGEN BRAKING C/L (Push CONT 6)

This function allows for the adjustment of the Regen braking current limit. The higher the current the shorter the stopping distance.

Setting greater than 143 disables this function.

### FUNCTION 24 FIELD WEAKENING START (Push CONT 9)

This function allows for setting the armature current at which minimum field current will be achieved.

Range 0 to 414 Amps Setting 0 to 255

Resolution 1.625 per set unit I MOTOR FWS = VAL. x 1.625

Example: Setting of 20 = 32.5 amps

### FUNCTION 25 MONITOR ( Push CONT 10)

This function allows the monitoring of certain control functions by looking directly at the RAM of the microprocessor. Because absolute memory locations need to be known, this function should not be used without detailed instructions from the GE application engineer.

This function should only be adjusted by the vehicle OEM. To ensure optimum operation of the control, this function must be left with zero stored in this register.

### FUNCTION 26 BASE RATIO (Push CONT 11)

This function sets the ratio between armature and field current when operating below the maximum field current and above the Field Weakening Start point. The setting represents the quantity of field current changed for each 1 amp of armature current changed.

Volts	Max Field Ref		
48	60		
72/80	55		

The ratio value (VAL) is the set value divided by 10 and rounded to the lowest whole number.

Example : Setting of 45 = 45/10 = 4.5 = 4 VAL.

 $I_{\text{FIELD}} = \text{VAL} \left( I_{\text{MOTOR}} \text{ X .0240} \right)$ 

### FUNCTION 28 STORED STATUS CODE COUNT POINTER

( Push CONT 13)

This register contains the location of the last stored status code recorded of the 16 stored status codes. These stored

status codes have caused a PMT controller shutdown and/or disruption of normal vehicle operation.

To determine which stored status code was the last one recorded, read the number stored in Function 28. Using the **Memory Map** for your logic card, match the "**stored status code pointer number**" [the number shown in *(bold italics)* in the HS (Handset) number column] on the memory map, with the number obtained from Function 28. This will be the last stored status code recorded.

Note: When scrolling through the stored status code register, the register always starts at status code 1 and scrolls to status code 16. Instructions for scrolling the register are in section 6.3.2 of this instruction booklet.

#### DASH DISPLAY INTERACTIVE MODES

The following functions (functions 48 through 62) are mode settings that are activated from the Interactive Dash Display. Each function must be set using the logic table shown below. If you try to set this function outside these guidelines, an error code will be displayed to prompt you to enter the correct setting:

If "80" is displayed, the setting is too low. If "81" is displayed, the setting is too high.

The following functions have function numbers larger than the numbers on the Handset keyboard. To access these functions. Push the CONT key and the number shown in the following instructions at the same time. THE SEAT SWITCH MUST BE CLOSED.

### FUNCTION 48 MODE 1 (TURTLE) - ARMATURE CONTROLLED ACCELERATION

(Push CONT 1)

This function allows for the adjustment of the rate of time it takes for the control to accelerate to 100% applied battery voltage to the motor on hard acceleration.

Range 0.025 to 6.3 seconds

Set 0 to 255

Resolution 0.025 seconds per set unit Example: Setting of 20 = 0.5 seconds

This C/A takes effect when the Mode 1 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 49 MODE 1 FIELD WEAKENING START

(Push CONT 2)

This function allows for setting the armature current at which minimum field current will achieved.

Range 0 to 414 Amps Setting 0 to 255

Resolution 1.625 per set unit

Example: Setting of 20 = 32.5 amps

 $I_{M}$  FWS = VAL x 1.625

This FIELD WEAKENING START takes effect when the Mode 1 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

#### FUNCTION 50 MODE 1 FW RATIO ( Push CONT 3 )

This function sets the ratio between armature and field current when transitioning from minimum field to maximum field current. The setting represents the quantity of field current changed for each 1 amp of armature current changed.

Volts	Max Fld Ref
48	60
72/80	55

The ratio value (VAL) is the set value divided by 10 and rounded to the lowest whole number.

Example : Setting of 45 = 45/10 = 4.5 = 4 VAL.

 $I_{FIELD} = VAL (I_{MOTOR} X.024)$ 

This FW RATIO takes effect when the Mode 1 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 51 MODE 1 MAX ARMATURE % ON ( Push CONT 4)

This function allows for the adjustment of the speed limit (maximum battery volts to the motor) when the SL1 limit switch input signal is received by the control card. The SL1 limit switch is a normally closed switch connected to battery negative; the switch opening enables speed limit.

Range 100% to 0% battery volts

Set 51 to 180

Resolution 0.78 % per set unit

Example Setting of 71 = 84.4 % battery

volts

This MAX ARMATURE % ON takes effect when the Mode 1 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

# FUNCTION 52 MODE 2 ARMATURE CONTROLLED ACCELERATION

(Push CONT 5)

Same as Function 48.

This C/A takes effect when the Mode 2 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 53 MODE 2 FIELD WEAKENING START

(Push CONT 6)

Same as Function 49.

This FIELD WEAKENING START takes effect when the Mode 2 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 54 MODE 2 FW RATIO (Push CONT 7)

Same as Function 50.

This FW RATIO takes effect when the Mode 2 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 55 MODE 2 MAX ARMATURE % ON ( Push CONT 8 )

Same as Function 51.

This MAX ARMATURE % ON takes effect when the Mode 2 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 56 MODE 3 ARMATURE CONTROLLED ACCELERATION

(Push CONT 9)

Same as Function 48.

This C/A takes effect when the Mode 3 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

#### FUNCTION 57 MODE 3 FIELD WEAKENING START ( Push CONT 10)

Same as Function 49.

This FIELD WEAKENING START takes effect when the Mode 3 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 58 MODE 3 FW RATIO (Push CONT 11)

Same as Function 50.

This FW RATIO takes effect when the Mode 3 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 59 MODE 3 MAX ARMATURE % ON ( Push CONT 12 )

Same as Function 51.

This MAX ARMATURE % ON takes effect when the Mode 3 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

# FUNCTION 60 MODE 4 ARMATURE CONTROLLED ACCELERATION ( Push CONT 13)

Same as Function 48.

This C/A takes effect when the Mode 4 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

#### FUNCTION 61 MODE 4 FIELD WEAKENING START ( Push CONT 14)

Same as Function 49.

This FIELD WEAKENING START takes effect when the Mode 4 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 62 MODE 4 FW RATIO (Push CONT 15)

Same as Function 50.

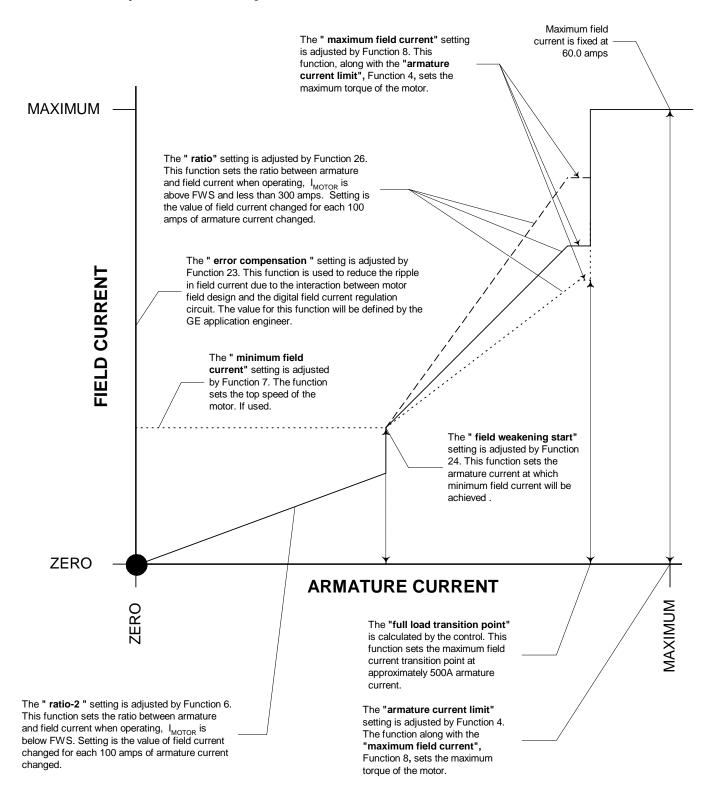
This FW RATIO takes effect when the Mode 4 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

### FUNCTION 63 MODE 4 MAX ARMATURE % ON ( Push CONT ESC )

Same as Function 51.

This MAX ARMATURE % ON takes effect when the Mode 4 settings are called for by the interactive Dash Display.

Section 6.5 Summary of Current Limit Adjustments



TRANSISTOR PUMP CONTROLS Page 62

#### Section 6.6 Setup Functions for Hydraulic Pump Control

#### **FUNCTION 1: NOT APPLICABLE**

This function is not applicable to this type of control and should not be adjusted.

#### FUNCTION 2: INTERNAL RESISTANCE COMPENSATION START (Push 2)

This function allows for the adjustment of the current level at which the internal resistance compensation feature (Function 16) will take effect.

Range 0 to 1325 amps Setting 52 to 255

Resolution 6.5 amps per set unit

Example: Setting of  $72 = (72-52) \times 6.5 = 130 \text{ amps}$ 

### FUNCTION 3: CONTROLLED ACCELERATION (Push 3)

This function allows for the adjustment of the rate of time it takes for the control to accelerate to 100% applied battery voltage to the motor on hard acceleration. The P1A contactor will automatically close 0.2 seconds after the controlled acceleration stops and the accelerator input is less than 0.5 volts, or less than 200 ohms.

Range 0.1 to 5.5 seconds

Setting 0 to 255

Resolution 0.021 seconds per set unit

Example: Setting of 20 = 0.52 seconds C/A and 0.72

seconds 1A time

### FUNCTION 4: CURRENT LIMIT (Push 4)

This function allows for the adjustment of the current limit of the control. The rating of the control will determine the range of adjustment for this function. Please refer to the OEM operating instructions for the control used in your vehicle.

Range See OEM control C/L curves

Setting 0 to 255

Example:  $0 = \min$ . current,  $255 = \max$ . current

#### FUNCTION 7: INTERNAL RESISTANCE COMPENSATION RATE (Push 7)

This function allows for the adjustment of the rate of time it takes for the control to add the internal resistance compensation voltage that is applied to the motor. This function will add 0.375 volts to the motor at the rate of time adjusted until the total IR compensation voltage has been added.

Range 0.0015 to 0.383 seconds

Setting 0 to 255

Resolution 0.0015 seconds per set unit

Example: Setting of 20 = 0.032 seconds

For example, if you had selected 2.08 volts from Function 16 to be added to the motor, it would take 0.18 seconds to add a total of 2.08 volts. (2.08/0.375)=0.032

### FUNCTION 11: SPEED LIMIT 1 (SL1) (Push 11)

This function allows for the adjustment of the speed limit (maximum battery volts to the motor) when the SL1 limit switch input signal is received by the control card. SL1 limit switch is a normally open switch connected to battery negative, the switch closing enables speed limit.

Range 0% to 100% battery volts

Setting 0 to 255

Resolution 0.375 volts per set unit

Example: Setting of 50=18.75 volts

### FUNCTION 12: SPEED LIMIT 2 (SL2) (Push 12)

Same as Function 11 except using SL2 limit switch for input.

#### FUNCTION 13: SPEED LIMIT 3 (SL3) (Push 13)

Same as Function 11 except using SL3 limit switch for input.

#### **FUNCTION 14: NOT APPLICABLE**

This function is not applicable to this type of control and should not be adjusted.

Note: The following functions have function numbers larger than the numbers on the Handset keyboard. To access these functions, push the CONT key and the number shown in the following instructions at the same time. THE KEY SWITCH MUST BE CLOSED.

#### FUNCTION 16: SPEED / TORQUE COMPENSATION (Push CONT 1)

This function is used to stabilize pump speed at heavy loads. The voltage selected will be added to the motor at each 100 amp increment starting at the value set in Function 2. The voltage compensation selected will be added in increments of 0.375 volts until the entire voltage is added. For example, a setting of 2 will be added in 30 steps of 0.375 volts each whereas, a setting of 4 will be added in 15 steps of 0.375 volts each.

#### SPEED / TORQUE COMPENSATION TABLE

	VOLTAGE		VOLTAGE
SETTING	DROP	SETTING	DROP
2	11.44	17	1.34
3	7.60	18	1.27
4	5.72	19	1.20
5	4.57	20	1.14
6	3.81	21	1.09
7	3.27	22	1.04
8	2.86	23	0.99
9	2.54	24	0.95
10	2.28	25	0.91
11	2.08	26	0.88
12	1.90	27	0.85
13	1.76	28	0.82
14	1.63	29	0.79
15	1.52	30	0.76
16	1.43	31	0.74

### FUNCTION 17: CARD TYPE SELECTION (Push CONT 2)

This function should be set in accordance with the control type in use in the vehicle:

Function	Without Pump Ctr/PMT		
High C/L			
BDI Lockout	27 to 35		

BDI Lockout means that the BDI signal from the traction control must be present in order for the pump control to operate. This control will stop operation when the battery state of charge reaches 10%.

Settings for these functions should be made in between the values shown.

Warning: These setting must be changed by authorized personnel only, following instructions supplied by the manufacturer. Card type selection must be made within the capabilities of the TRANSISTOR control panel used and the supporting electro-mechanical devices. Failure to comply with proper application standards could result in mis-operation or damage to the control and/or motors.

### FUNCTION 28: FAULT COUNT POINTER (Push CONT 13)

This register contains the location of the last stored status code recorded of the 16 stored status codes. These stored status codes have caused a PMT controller shutdown and/or disruption of normal vehicle operation.

To determine which stored status code was the last one recorded, read the number stored in Function 28. Using the **Memory Map** (See Section 8.1) for your logic card, match the "stored status code pointer number" (the number shown in (*bold italics*) in the HS (Handset) number column) on the memory map, with the number obtained from Function 28. This will be the last stored status code recorded.

Note: When scrolling the stored status code register, the register always starts at status code 1 and scrolls to status code 16. Instructions for scrolling the register are in Section 6.3.2 of this instruction booklet.

Note: The following functions have function numbers larger than the numbers on the Handset keyboard. To access these functions, push the CONT key and the number shown in the following instructions at the same time. THE KEY SWITCH MUST BE OPEN.

## FUNCTION 48: MODE 1 - CONTROLLED ACCELERATION

#### (Push CONT 1)

This function allows for the adjustment of the rate of time it takes for the control to accelerate to 96% applied battery voltage to the motor on hard acceleration.

Range 0.1 to 22.0 seconds

Setting 0 to 255

Resolution 0.084 seconds per set unit

Example: Setting of 20 = 1.8 seconds C/A

#### FUNCTION 49: MODE 1 - SPEED LIMIT 2 (SL2) (Push CONT 2)

This function allows for the adjustment of the speed limit (maximum battery volts to the motor) when the SL2 limit switch input signal is received by the control card. SL2

limit switch is a normally open switch connected to battery negative, the switch closing enables speed limit.

Range 0% to 100% battery volts

Setting 0 to 255

Resolution 0.375 volts per set unit

Example: Setting of 50=18.75 volts

### FUNCTION 50: MODE 1 - SPEED LIMIT 3 (SL3) (Push CONT 3)

This function allows for the adjustment of the speed limit (maximum battery volts to the motor) when the SL3 limit switch input signal is received by the control card. SL3 limit switch is a normally open switch connected to battery negative, the switch closing enables speed limit.

Range 0% to 100% battery volts

Setting 0 to 255

Resolution 0.375 volts per set unit

Example: Setting of 50=18.75 volts

# FUNCTION 52: MODE 2 - CONTROLLED ACCELERATION

(Push CONT 5)

Same as function 48.

# FUNCTION 53: MODE 2 - SPEED LIMIT 2 (SL2) (Push CONT 6)

Same as Function 49.

### FUNCTION 54: MODE 2 - SPEED LIMIT 3 (SL3) (Push CONT 7)

Same as Function 50.

#### **FUNCTION 55: NOT APPLICABLE**

This function is not applicable to this type of control and should not be adjusted.

### FUNCTION 56: MODE 3 - CONTROLLED ACCELERATION

(Push CONT 9)

Same as function 48.

### FUNCTION 57: MODE 3 - SPEED LIMIT 2 (SL2) (Push CONT 10)

Same as Function 49.

**FUNCTION 58: MODE 3 - SPEED LIMIT 3 (SL3)** 

#### (Push CONT 11)

Same as Function 50.

#### **FUNCTION 59: NOT APPLICABLE**

This function is not applicable to this type of control and should not be adjusted.

### FUNCTION 60: MODE 4 - CONTROLLED ACCELERATION

(Push CONT 13)

Same as function 48.

#### FUNCTION 61: MODE 4 - SPEED LIMIT 2 (SL2) (Push CONT 14)

Same as Function 49.

## FUNCTION 62: MODE 4 - SPEED LIMIT 3 (SL3) (Push CONT 15)

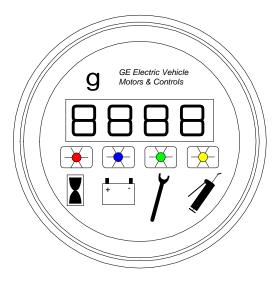
Same as Function 50.

#### Section 7. DASH DISPLAYS

#### **Section 7.1 Application**

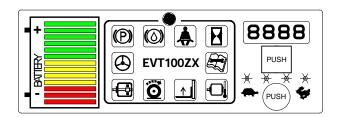
The SX family Standard and Interactive Dash Displays allow the operator and maintenance personnel easy access to truck operation information and real-time system diagnostics of the controller, motor and various accessories. Hourmeter readings, battery discharge information, maintenance information and system status codes are clearly displayed during startup and running modes. Shielded cable connections are made to the Dash Display by means of five (5) 22-gage wires to the "Y" Plug of the traction and hydraulic pump controls.

**Section 7.2 Standard Dash Displays** 



The GE Standard Dash Display is a four segment Light Emitting Diode (LED) instrument that displays the GE LX, ZX, and SX Status Codes, Hourmeter Readings, Battery Discharge Indication, and Maintenance Required Code. The four LED's above the symbols indicate the active readout mode.

**Section 7.3 Interactive Custom Dash Displays** 



The Interactive Custom Dash Display allows the operator to select the best vehicle performance for changing factory (task) conditions. There are four (4) "operator interaction modes" that can be selected by depressing a push-button on the dash display.

From the Dash Display, the operator may select any of four pre-set interactive modes consisting of (4) Controlled Acceleration levels, (4) Field Weakening Pick Up levels and (4) Speed Limit levels.

These interactive modes are "pre-set" using the Handset (Functions 48 - 63) or a personal computer (Functions 97 - 112). This feature allows the operator to select the best vehicle performance for changing factory (task) conditions.

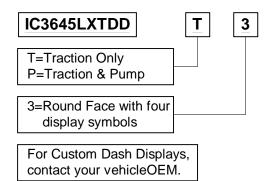
The Custom Dash Display incorporates all the features and functions of the Standard Dash Display, in addition to the following customer options:

- LED graphics to display Battery Discharge Indication status
- Various LED indicators for Maintenance Required Status Codes. These can include options for traction, pump and power steer motors, hourmeter, overtemperature, seat belt, brake and other safety sensors.
- A push-button associated with the four segment LED that displays Status Codes can be used to scroll the last 16 "Stored Status Codes" that shut down vehicle operation with a PMT fault.

#### **Connections**

Connections are made to the Dash Display with five (5) 22-gage wires to Plug "Y" of each control. Shielded cable is required to eliminate signal interference.

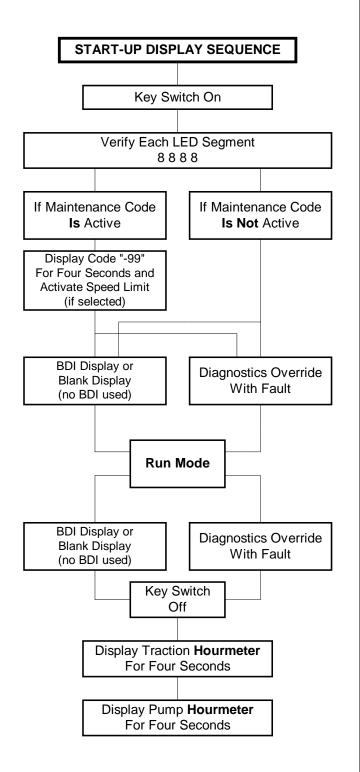
#### Part Number



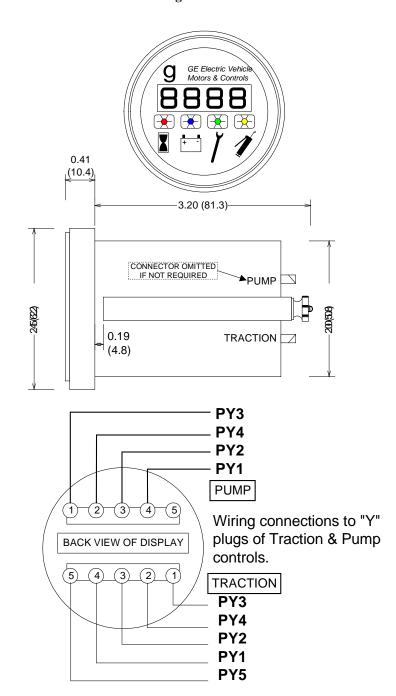
#### Reference

AMP#102241-3 Dash Display mating plug AMP#1-87195-8 Dash Display mating pin 44A723596-G09 Dash Display plug kit AMP#175965-2 "Y" Plug AMP#175180-1 "Y" Plug receptacle

Section 7.4 Start-Up Display Sequence



**Section 7.5 Outline Drawings** 



### **Section 8.0 MEMORY MAPS**

#### **Section 8.1 Traction Control**

$\mathbf{E}^2$	Func No.	HS No.	Traction Control Function	Access By	Restrictions
0	1	1	NOT USED	HS or PC	None
1	2	2	Creep	HS or PC	None
2	3	3	Controlled Acceleration	HS or PC	None
3	4	4	Armature Current Limit	HS or PC	None
4	5	5	Plug Current Limit	HS or PC	None
5	6	6	Ratio 2	HS or PC	None
6	7	7	Minimum Field Current	HS or PC	None
7	8	8	Maximum Field Current	HS or PC	None
8	9	9	Regen Current Limit	HS or PC	None
9	10	10	Field Current for Regen	HS or PC	None
10	11	11	Speed Limit 1	HS or PC	None
11	12	12	Speed Limit 2	HS or PC	None
12	13	13	Speed Limit 3 and VMM	HS or PC	None
13	14	14	IR Compensation	HS or PC	None
14	15	15	Battery Volts Select	HS or PC	None
15	16	16	Pedal Position Plug	HS or PC	None
16	17	17	Card Type Select	HS or PC	None
17	18	18	Line Contactor Time Delay	HS or PC	None
18	19	19	Maintenance Code HM (Tens/Units)	HS or PC	None
19	20	20	Maintenance Code HM (Thou/Hun)	HS or PC	None
20	21	21	Auto Regen	HS or PC	None
21	22	22	Mode Reference	HS or PC	For DD on power up
22	23	23	Field PWM Gain	HS or PC	None
23	24	24	FW Start	HS or PC	None
24	25	25	Monitor	HS or PC	GE Temporary Storage
25	26	26	Ratio	HS or PC	GE Temporary Storage
26	27	27	HM Minutes	HS or PC	GE Temporary Storage
27	28	28	Fault Count Pointer	HS or PC	None
28	29	29	Aux HM (Tens/Ones) Adj	HS or PC	None
29	30	30	Aux HM (Thou/Hun) Adj	HS or PC	None
30	31		Aux HM (Tens/Ones)	PC Only	None
31	32		Aux HM (Thou/Hun)	PC Only	None
32	33	(18)	Stored Status Code #1	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
33	34		BDI 1	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
34	35		Hours (Tens/Ones) 1	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
35	36		Hours (Thou/Hun) 1	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
36	37	(20)	Stored Status Code #2	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
37	38		BDI 2	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
38	39		Hours (Tens/Ones) 2	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
39	40		Hours (Thou/Hun) 2	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
40	41	(22)	Stored Status Code #3	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
41	42		BDI 3	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
42	43		Hours (Tens/Ones) 3	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only

$\mathbf{E}^2$	Func No.	HS No.	Traction Control Function	Access By	Restrictions
43	44		Hours (Thou/Hun) 3	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
45	46		BDI 4	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
46	47		Hours (Tens/Ones) 4	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
47	48		Hours (Thou/Hun) 4	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
48	49	(26)	Stored Status Code #5	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
49	50		BDI 5	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
50	51		Hours (Tens/Ones) 5	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
51	52		Hours (Thou/Hun) 5	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
52	53	(28)	Stored Status Code #6	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
53	54		BDI 6	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
54	55		Hours(Tens/Ones) 6	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
55	56		Hours(Thou/Hun) 6	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
56	57	(30)	Stored Status Code #7	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
57	58		BDI 7	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
58	59		Hours(Tens/Ones) 7	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
59	60		Hours(Thou/Hun) 7	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
60	61	(32)	Stored Status Code #8	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
61	62		BDI 8	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
62	63		Hours;(Tens/Ones) 8	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
63	64		Hours(Thou/Hun) 8	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
64	65	(34)	Stored Status Code #9	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
65	66		BDI 9	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
66	67		Hours(Tens/Ones) 9	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
67	68		Hours(Thou/Hun) 9	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
68	69	(36)	Stored Status Code #10	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
69	70		BDI 10	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
70	71		Hours(Tens/Ones) 10	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
71	72		Hours(Thou/Hun) 10	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
72	73	(38)	Stored Status Code #11	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
73	; 74		BDI 11	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
74	75		Hours(Tens/Ones) 11	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
75	76		Hours(Thou/Hun) 11	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
76	77	(40)	Stored Status Code #12	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
77	78		BDI 12	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
78	79		Hours(Tens/Ones) 12	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
79	80	•	Hours(Thou/Hun) 12	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
80	81	(42)	Stored Status Code #13	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
81	82		BDI 13	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
82	83		Hours(Tens/Ones) 13	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
83	84		Hours(Thou/Hun) 13	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
84	85	(44)	Stored Status Code # 14	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
85	86		BDI 14	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
86	87		Hours(Tens/Ones) 14	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
87	88		Hours(Thou/Hun) 14	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
88	89	(46)	Stored Status Code # 15	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
89	90		BDI 15	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
90	91		Hours (Tens/Ones) 15	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only

$\mathbb{E}^2$	Func No.	HS No.	Traction Control Function	Access By	Restrictions
90	91	- 1,01	Hours (Tens/Ones) 15	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
91	92		Hours (Thou/Hun) 15	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
92	93	(48)	Stored Status Code #16	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
94	95		Hours (Tens/Ones) 16	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
95	96		Hours (Thou/Hun) 16	PC Only	Reset to Zero Only
96	67	48	Dash Display CA-1		-
97	98	49	Dash Display FWS-1	HS or PC	None
98	99	50	Dash Display Ratio2-1	HS or PC	None
99	100	51	Dash Display Speed Limit 2 - 1	HS or PC	None
100	101	52	Dash Display CA-2	HS or PC	None
101	102	53	Dash Display FWS-2	HS or PC	None
102	103	54	Dash Display Ratio2-2	HS or PC	None
103	104	55	Dash Display Speed Limit 2 - 2	HS or PC	None
104	105	56	Dash Display CA-3	HS or PC	None
105	106	57	Dash Display FWS-3	HS or PC	None
106	107	58	Dash Display Ratio2-3	HS or PC	None
107	108	59	Dash Display Speed Limit 2 - 3	HS or PC	None
108	109	60	Dash Display CA-4	HS or PC	None
109	110	61	Dash Display FWS-4	HS or PC	None
110	111	62	Dash Display Ratio2-4	HS or PC	None
111	112	63	Dash Display Speed Limit 2 - 4	HS or PC	None
112	113		Secure HM (Tens/Ones)	PC Only	OEM Read Only
113	114		Secure HM (Thou/Hun)	PC Only	OEM Read Only
114	115		Secure Aux HM (Tens/Ones)	PC Only	OEM Read Only
115	116		Secure Aux HM (Thou/Hun)	PC Only	OEM Read Only
116	117		Reserved	PC Only	GE Future Use
117	118		Reserved	PC Only	GE Future Use
118	119		Reserved	PC Only	GE Future Use
119	120		Reserved	PC Only	GE Future Use
120	121		OEM Use	PC Only	None
121	122		OEM Use	PC Only	None
122	123		OEM Use	PC Only	None
123	124		OEM Use	PC Only	None
124	125		OEM Use	PC Only	None
125	126		OEM Use	PC Only	None
126	127		OEM Use	PC Only	None
127	128		OEM Use	PC Only	None

Numbers in (bold italics) are Stored Status Code pointers.